# [First Reprint] SENATE, No. 1204

# STATE OF NEW JERSEY 220th LEGISLATURE

**INTRODUCED FEBRUARY 3, 2022** 

**Sponsored by:** 

Senator JOSEPH P. CRYAN

District 20 (Union)

Senator ANDREW ZWICKER

District 16 (Hunterdon, Mercer, Middlesex and Somerset)

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**District 27 (Essex and Morris)** 

Assemblywoman LISA SWAIN

**District 38 (Bergen and Passaic)** 

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**District 16 (Hunterdon, Mercer, Middlesex and Somerset)** 

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Senators Pou, Ruiz, Cunningham, Assemblyman Tully, Assemblywoman Carter, Assemblyman Mejia, Assemblywoman Jimenez, Assemblyman McKeon, Assemblywoman McKnight, Assemblyman Atkins, Assemblywomen Reynolds-Jackson, Chaparro, Assemblymen Spearman, Wimberly, Sampson, Moen, Conaway, Moriarty, Assemblywomen Tucker, Quijano, Assemblyman Stanley, Assemblywomen Park, Speight, Lampitt and Timberlake

#### **SYNOPSIS**

Requires firearm owners who become New Jersey residents to obtain firearm purchaser identification card and register handguns acquired out-of-State.

AN ACT concerning firearm ownership and amending N.J.S.2C:58-

BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State

<sup>1</sup>[1. N.J.S.2C:58-3 is amended to read as follows:

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of New Jersey:

8	2C:58-3. a. Permit to purchase a handgun.
9	(1) No person shall sell, give, transfer, assign or otherwise dispose
10	of, nor receive, purchase, or otherwise acquire a handgun unless the
11	purchaser, assignee, donee, receiver or holder is licensed as a dealer
12	under this chapter or has first secured a permit to purchase a handgun
13	as provided by this section.
14	(2) A person who is not a licensed retail dealer and sells, gives,
15	transfers, assigns, or otherwise disposes of, or receives, purchases or
16	otherwise acquires a handgun pursuant to this section shall conduct the
17	transaction through a licensed retail dealer.
18	The provisions of this paragraph shall not apply if the transaction
19	is:
20	(a) between members of an immediate family as defined in
21	subsection n. of this section;
22	(b) between law enforcement officers;
23	(c) between collectors of firearms or ammunition as curios or
24	relics as defined in Title 18, U.S.C. section 921 (a) (13) who have in
25	their possession a valid Collector of Curios and Relics License issued
26	by the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms, and Explosives; or
27	(d) a temporary transfer pursuant to section 1 of P.L.1992, c.74
28	(C.2C:58-3.1) or section 1 of P.L.1997, c.375 (C.2C:58-3.2).
29	(3) Prior to a transaction conducted pursuant to this subsection, the
30	retail dealer shall complete a National Instant Criminal Background
31	Check of the person acquiring the handgun. In addition:
32	(a) the retail dealer shall submit to the Superintendent of State
33	Police, on a form approved by the superintendent, information
34	identifying and confirming the background check;
35	(b) every retail dealer shall maintain a record of transactions
36	conducted pursuant to this subsection, which shall be maintained at the
37	address displayed on the retail dealer's license for inspection by a law
38	enforcement officer during reasonable hours;
39	(c) a retail dealer may charge a fee for a transaction conducted
40	pursuant to this subsection; and

(d) any record produced pursuant to this subsection shall not be

- 1 (1) No person shall sell, give, transfer, assign or otherwise dispose 2 of nor receive, purchase or otherwise acquire an antique cannon or a 3 rifle or shotgun, other than an antique rifle or shotgun, unless the 4 purchaser, assignee, donee, receiver or holder is licensed as a dealer 5 under this chapter or possesses a valid firearms purchaser 6 identification card, and first exhibits the card to the seller, donor, 7 transferor or assignor, and unless the purchaser, assignee, donee, 8 receiver or holder signs a written certification, on a form prescribed by 9 the superintendent, which shall indicate that he presently complies 10 with the requirements of subsection c. of this section and shall contain 11 his name, address and firearms purchaser identification card number or 12 dealer's registration number. The certification shall be retained by the 13 seller, as provided in paragraph (4) of subsection a. of N.J.S.2C:58-2, 14 or, in the case of a person who is not a dealer, it may be filed with the 15 chief of police of the municipality in which he resides or with the 16 superintendent.
  - (2) A person who is not a licensed retail dealer and sells, gives, transfers, assigns, or otherwise disposes of, or receives, purchases or otherwise acquires an antique cannon or a rifle or shotgun pursuant to this section shall conduct the transaction through a licensed retail dealer.

The provisions of this paragraph shall not apply if the transaction is:

- (a) between members of an immediate family as defined in subsection n. of this section;
  - (b) between law enforcement officers;

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- (c) between collectors of firearms or ammunition as curios or relics as defined in Title 18, U.S.C. section 921 (a) (13) who have in their possession a valid Collector of Curios and Relics License issued by the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms, and Explosives; or
- (d) a temporary transfer pursuant to section 1 of P.L.1992, c.74 (C.2C:58-3.1) and section 1 of P.L.1997, c.375 (C.2C:58-3.2).
- (3) Prior to a transaction conducted pursuant to this subsection, the retail dealer shall complete a National Instant Criminal Background Check of the person acquiring an antique cannon or a rifle or shotgun. In addition:
- (a) the retail dealer shall submit to the Superintendent of State Police, on a form approved by the superintendent, information identifying and confirming the background check;
- (b) every retail dealer shall maintain a record of transactions conducted pursuant to this section which shall be maintained at the

c. Who may obtain. No person of good character and good repute in the community in which he lives, and who is not subject to any of the disabilities set forth in this section or other sections of this chapter, shall be denied a permit to purchase a handgun or a firearms purchaser identification card, except as hereinafter set forth. No handgun purchase permit or firearms purchaser identification card shall be issued:

- (1) To any person who has been convicted of any crime, or a disorderly persons offense involving an act of domestic violence as defined in section 3 of P.L.1991, c.261 (C.2C:25-19), whether or not armed with or possessing a weapon at the time of the offense;
- (2) To any drug dependent person as defined in section 2 of P.L.1970, c.226 (C.24:21-2), to any person who is confined for a mental disorder to a hospital, mental institution or sanitarium, or to any person who is presently an habitual drunkard;
- (3) To any person who suffers from a physical defect or disease which would make it unsafe for him to handle firearms, to any person who has ever been confined for a mental disorder, or to any alcoholic unless any of the foregoing persons produces a certificate of a medical doctor or psychiatrist licensed in New Jersey, or other satisfactory proof, that he is no longer suffering from that particular disability in a manner that would interfere with or handicap him in the handling of firearms; to any person who knowingly falsifies any information on the application form for a handgun purchase permit or firearms purchaser identification card;
- (4) To any person under the age of 18 years for a firearms purchaser identification card and to any person under the age of 21 years for a permit to purchase a handgun;
- (5) To any person where the issuance would not be in the interest of the public health, safety or welfare;
- (6) To any person who is subject to a restraining order issued pursuant to the "Prevention of Domestic Violence Act of 1991," P.L.1991, c.261 (C.2C:25-17 et seq.) prohibiting the person from possessing any firearm;
- (7) To any person who as a juvenile was adjudicated delinquent for an offense which, if committed by an adult, would constitute a crime and the offense involved the unlawful use or possession of a weapon, explosive or destructive device or is enumerated in subsection d. of section 2 of P.L.1997, c.117 (C.2C:43-7.2);
- (8) To any person whose firearm is seized pursuant to the "Prevention of Domestic Violence Act of 1991," P.L.1991, c.261

firearm or ammunition issued pursuant to the "Extreme Risk Protective Order Act of 2018," P.L.2018, c.35 (C.2C:58-20 et al.).

d. Issuance. The chief of police of an organized full-time police department of the municipality where the applicant resides or the superintendent, in all other cases, shall upon application, issue to any person qualified under the provisions of subsection c. of this section a permit to purchase a handgun or a firearms purchaser identification card.

Any person aggrieved by the denial of a permit or identification card may request a hearing in the Superior Court of the county in which he resides if he is a resident of New Jersey or in the Superior Court of the county in which his application was filed if he is a nonresident. The request for a hearing shall be made in writing within 30 days of the denial of the application for a permit or identification card. The applicant shall serve a copy of his request for a hearing upon the chief of police of the municipality in which he resides, if he is a resident of New Jersey, and upon the superintendent in all cases. The hearing shall be held and a record made thereof within 30 days of the receipt of the application for a hearing by the judge of the Superior Court. No formal pleading and no filing fee shall be required as a preliminary to a hearing. Appeals from the results of a hearing shall be in accordance with law.

e. Applications. Applications for permits to purchase a handgun and for firearms purchaser identification cards shall be in the form prescribed by the superintendent and shall set forth the name, residence, place of business, age, date of birth, occupation, sex and physical description, including distinguishing physical characteristics, if any, of the applicant, and shall state whether the applicant is a citizen, whether he is an alcoholic, habitual drunkard, drug dependent person as defined in section 2 of P.L.1970, c.226 (C.24:21-2), whether he has ever been confined or committed to a mental institution or hospital for treatment or observation of a mental or psychiatric condition on a temporary, interim or permanent basis, giving the name and location of the institution or hospital and the dates of confinement or commitment, whether he has been attended, treated or observed by any doctor or psychiatrist or at any hospital or mental institution on an inpatient or outpatient basis for any mental or psychiatric condition, giving the name and location of the doctor, psychiatrist, hospital or institution and the dates of the occurrence, whether he presently or ever has been a member of any organization which advocates or approves the commission of acts of force and violence to overthrow

- 1 person is subject to a protective order issued pursuant to the "Extreme
- 2 Risk Protective Order Act of 2018," P.L.2018, c.35 (C.2C:58-20 et al.)
- 3 prohibiting the person from possessing any firearm, and other
- 4 information as the superintendent shall deem necessary for the proper
- 5 enforcement of this chapter. For the purpose of complying with this
- 6 subsection, the applicant shall waive any statutory or other right of
- 7 confidentiality relating to institutional confinement. The application
- 8 shall be signed by the applicant and shall contain as references the
- 9 names and addresses of two reputable citizens personally acquainted
- with him.

Application blanks shall be obtainable from the superintendent, from any other officer authorized to grant a permit or identification card, and from licensed retail dealers.

The chief police officer or the superintendent shall obtain the fingerprints of the applicant and shall have them compared with any and all records of fingerprints in the municipality and county in which the applicant resides and also the records of the State Bureau of Identification and the Federal Bureau of Investigation, provided that an applicant for a handgun purchase permit who possesses a valid firearms purchaser identification card, or who has previously obtained a handgun purchase permit from the same licensing authority for which he was previously fingerprinted, and who provides other reasonably satisfactory proof of his identity, need not be fingerprinted again; however, the chief police officer or the superintendent shall proceed to investigate the application to determine whether or not the applicant has become subject to any of the disabilities set forth in this chapter.

f. Granting of permit or identification card; fee; term; renewal; revocation. The application for the permit to purchase a handgun together with a fee of \$2, or the application for the firearms purchaser identification card together with a fee of \$5, shall be delivered or forwarded to the licensing authority who shall investigate the same and, unless good cause for the denial thereof appears, shall grant the permit or the identification card, or both, if application has been made therefor, within 30 days from the date of receipt of the application for residents of this State and within 45 days for nonresident applicants. A permit to purchase a handgun shall be valid for a period of 90 days from the date of issuance and may be renewed by the issuing authority for good cause for an additional 90 days. A firearms purchaser

identification card shall be valid until such time as the holder becomes subject to any of the disabilities set forth in subsection c. of this notice, upon a finding that the holder thereof no longer qualifies for the issuance of the permit. The county prosecutor of any county, the chief police officer of any municipality or any citizen may apply to the court at any time for the revocation of the card.

There shall be no conditions or requirements added to the form or content of the application, or required by the licensing authority for the issuance of a permit or identification card, other than those that are specifically set forth in this chapter.

- g. Disposition of fees. All fees for permits shall be paid to the State Treasury if the permit is issued by the superintendent, to the municipality if issued by the chief of police, and to the county treasurer if issued by the judge of the Superior Court.
- h. Form of permit; quadruplicate; disposition of copies. The permit shall be in the form prescribed by the superintendent and shall be issued to the applicant in quadruplicate. Prior to the time he receives the handgun from the seller, the applicant shall deliver to the seller the permit in quadruplicate and the seller shall complete all of the information required on the form. Within five days of the date of the sale, the seller shall forward the original copy to the superintendent and the second copy to the chief of police of the municipality in which the purchaser resides, except that in a municipality having no chief of police, the copy shall be forwarded to the superintendent. The third copy shall then be returned to the purchaser with the pistol or revolver and the fourth copy shall be kept by the seller as a permanent record.
- i. Restriction on number of firearms person may purchase. Only one handgun shall be purchased or delivered on each permit and no more than one handgun shall be purchased within any 30-day period, but this limitation shall not apply to:
- (1) a federal, State, or local law enforcement officer or agency purchasing handguns for use by officers in the actual performance of their law enforcement duties;
- (2) a collector of handguns as curios or relics as defined in Title 18, United States Code, section 921 (a) (13) who has in his possession a valid Collector of Curios and Relics License issued by the federal Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms and Explosives;
- (3) transfers of handguns among licensed retail dealers, registered wholesale dealers and registered manufacturers;
- (4) transfers of handguns from any person to a licensed retail dealer or a registered wholesale dealer or registered manufacturer;
- (5) any transaction where the person has purchased a handgun from a licensed retail dealer and has returned that handgun to the

The provisions of this subsection shall not be construed to afford or authorize any other exemption from the regulatory provisions governing firearms set forth in chapter 39 and chapter 58 of Title 2C of the New Jersey Statutes;

A person shall not be restricted as to the number of rifles or shotguns he may purchase, provided he possesses a valid firearms purchaser identification card and provided further that he signs the certification required in subsection b. of this section for each transaction.

- j. Firearms passing to heirs or legatees. Notwithstanding any other provision of this section concerning the transfer, receipt or acquisition of a firearm, a permit to purchase or a firearms purchaser identification card shall not be required for the passing of a firearm upon the death of an owner thereof to his heir or legatee, whether the same be by testamentary bequest or by the laws of intestacy. The person who shall so receive, or acquire the firearm shall, however, be subject to all other provisions of this chapter. If the heir or legatee of the firearm does not qualify to possess or carry it, he may retain ownership of the firearm for the purpose of sale for a period not exceeding 180 days, or for a further limited period as may be approved by the chief law enforcement officer of the municipality in which the heir or legatee resides or the superintendent, provided that the firearm is in the custody of the chief law enforcement officer of the municipality or the superintendent during that period.
- k. Sawed-off shotguns. Nothing in this section shall be construed to authorize the purchase or possession of any sawed-off shotgun.
- 1. Nothing in this section and in N.J.S.2C:58-2 shall apply to the sale or purchase of a visual distress signalling device approved by the United States Coast Guard, solely for possession on a private or commercial aircraft or any boat; provided, however, that no person under the age of 18 years shall purchase nor shall any person sell to a person under the age of 18 years a visual distress signalling device.
- m. The provisions of subsections a. and b. of this section and paragraphs (4) and (5) of subsection a. of N.J.S.2C:58-2 shall not apply to the purchase of firearms by a law enforcement agency for use by law enforcement officers in the actual performance of the officers' official duties, which purchase may be made directly from a manufacturer or from a licensed dealer located in this State or any other state.
- n. For the purposes of this section, "immediate family" means a spouse, domestic partner as defined in section 3 of P.L.2003, c.246

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1 <u>transports into this State a firearm that the person owned or acquired</u>

while residing in another state shall apply for a firearm purchaser

3 identification card within 60 days of becoming a New Jersey resident,

4 and shall register any handgun so transported into this State within 60

5 <u>days as provided in this subsection.</u>

A person who registers a handgun pursuant to this subsection shall complete a registration statement, which shall be in a form prescribed by the superintendent. The information provided in the registration statement shall include, but shall not be limited to, the name and address of the person and the make, model, and serial number of the handgun being registered. Each registration statement shall be signed by the person, and the signature shall constitute a representation of the accuracy of the information contained in the registration statement.

The registration statement shall be submitted to the law enforcement agency of the municipality in which the person resides or, if the municipality does not have a municipal law enforcement agency, any State Police station.

Within 60 days prior to the effective date of P.L. , c. (pending before the Legislature as this bill), the superintendent shall prepare the form of registration statement as described in this subsection and shall provide a suitable supply of statements to each organized full-time municipal police department and each State Police station.

A person who fails to apply for a firearm purchaser identification card or register a handgun as required pursuant to this subsection shall be liable to a civil penalty of \$250 for a first offense and shall be guilty of a disorderly persons offense for a second or subsequent offense.

If a person is in possession of multiple firearms or handguns in violation of this subsection, the person shall be guilty of one offense under this subsection provided the violation is a single event.

The civil penalty shall be collected pursuant to the "Penalty Enforcement Law of 1999," P.L.1999, c.274 (C.2A:58-10 et seq.) in a summary proceeding before the municipal court having jurisdiction. A law enforcement officer having enforcement authority in that municipality may issue a summons for a violation, and may serve and execute all process with respect to the enforcement of this subsection consistent with the Rules of Court.

37 (cf: P.L.2018, c.36, s.1)]<sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup>1. N.J.S.2C:58-3 is amended to read as follows:

40 2C:58-3. a. Permit to purchase a handgun.

(1) No person shall sell, give, transfer, assign or otherwise

or otherwise acquires a handgun pursuant to this section shall conduct the transaction through a licensed retail dealer.

The provisions of this paragraph shall not apply if the transaction is:

- (a) between members of an immediate family as defined in subsection n. of this section;
  - (b) between law enforcement officers;

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- 8 (c) between collectors of firearms or ammunition as curios or 9 relics as defined in Title 18, U.S.C. section 921 (a) (13) who have 10 in their possession a valid Collector of Curios and Relics License 11 issued by the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms, and 12 Explosives; or
- 13 (d) a temporary transfer pursuant to section 1 of P.L.1992, c.74 14 (C.2C:58-3.1) or section 1 of P.L.1997, c.375 (C.2C:58-3.2).
- 15 (3) Prior to a transaction conducted pursuant to this subsection, 16 the retail dealer shall complete a National Instant Criminal 17 Background Check of the person acquiring the handgun. In 18 addition:
- 19 (a) the retail dealer shall submit to the Superintendent of State 20 Police, on a form approved by the superintendent, information 21 identifying and confirming the background check;
  - (b) every retail dealer shall maintain a record of transactions conducted pursuant to this subsection, which shall be maintained at the address displayed on the retail dealer's license for inspection by a law enforcement officer during reasonable hours;
  - (c) a retail dealer may charge a fee for a transaction conducted pursuant to this subsection; and
    - (d) any record produced pursuant to this subsection shall not be considered a public record pursuant to P.L.1963, c.73 (C.47:1A-1 et seq.) or P.L.2001, c.404 (C.47:1A-5 et al.).
      - b. Firearms purchaser identification card.
- 32 (1) No person shall sell, give, transfer, assign or otherwise 33 dispose of nor receive, purchase or otherwise acquire an antique cannon or a rifle or shotgun, other than an antique rifle or shotgun, 34 35 unless the purchaser, assignee, donee, receiver or holder is licensed 36 as a dealer under this chapter or possesses a valid firearms 37 purchaser identification card, and first exhibits the card to the seller, 38 donor, transferor or assignor, and unless the purchaser, assignee, 39 donee, receiver or holder signs a written certification, on a form 40 prescribed by the superintendent, which shall indicate that he

presently complies with the requirements of subsection c. of this

1 (2) A person who is not a licensed retail dealer and sells, gives, 2 transfers, assigns, or otherwise disposes of, or receives, purchases 3 or otherwise acquires an antique cannon or a rifle or shotgun 4 pursuant to this section shall conduct the transaction through a 5 licensed retail dealer.

The provisions of this paragraph shall not apply if the transaction is:

- (a) between members of an immediate family as defined in subsection n. of this section;
  - (b) between law enforcement officers;

- (c) between collectors of firearms or ammunition as curios or relics as defined in Title 18, U.S.C. section 921 (a) (13) who have in their possession a valid Collector of Curios and Relics License issued by the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms, and Explosives; or
- (d) a temporary transfer pursuant to section 1 of P.L.1992, c.74
   (C.2C:58-3.1) and section 1 of P.L.1997, c.375 (C.2C:58-3.2).
  - (3) Prior to a transaction conducted pursuant to this subsection, the retail dealer shall complete a National Instant Criminal Background Check of the person acquiring an antique cannon or a rifle or shotgun. In addition:
  - (a) the retail dealer shall submit to the Superintendent of State Police, on a form approved by the superintendent, information identifying and confirming the background check;
    - (b) every retail dealer shall maintain a record of transactions conducted pursuant to this section which shall be maintained at the address set forth on the retail dealer's license for inspection by a law enforcement officer during reasonable hours;
- (c) a retail dealer may charge a fee for a transaction conducted
   pursuant to this subsection; and
  - (d) any record produced pursuant to this subsection shall not be considered a public record pursuant to P.L.1963, c.73 (C.47:1A-1 et seq.) or P.L.2001, c.404 (C.47:1A-5 et al.).
  - c. Who may obtain. No person of good character and good repute in the community in which he lives, and who is not subject to any of the disabilities set forth in this section or other sections of this chapter, shall be denied a permit to purchase a handgun or a firearms purchaser identification card, except as hereinafter set forth. No handgun purchase permit or firearms purchaser identification card shall be issued:
- 41 (1) To any person who has been convicted of any crime, or a

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- (3) To any person who suffers from a physical defect or disease which would make it unsafe for him to handle firearms, to any person who has ever been confined for a mental disorder, or to any alcoholic unless any of the foregoing persons produces a certificate of a medical doctor or psychiatrist licensed in New Jersey, or other satisfactory proof, that he is no longer suffering from that particular disability in a manner that would interfere with or handicap him in the handling of firearms; to any person who knowingly falsifies any information on the application form for a handgun purchase permit or firearms purchaser identification card;
  - (4) To any person under the age of 18 years for a firearms purchaser identification card and to any person under the age of 21 years for a permit to purchase a handgun;
  - (5) To any person where the issuance would not be in the interest of the public health, safety or welfare;
  - (6) To any person who is subject to a restraining order issued pursuant to the "Prevention of Domestic Violence Act of 1991", P.L.1991, c.261 (C.2C:25-17 et seq.) prohibiting the person from possessing any firearm;
  - (7) To any person who as a juvenile was adjudicated delinquent for an offense which, if committed by an adult, would constitute a crime and the offense involved the unlawful use or possession of a weapon, explosive or destructive device or is enumerated in subsection d. of section 2 of P.L.1997, c.117 (C.2C:43-7.2);
  - (8) To any person whose firearm is seized pursuant to the "Prevention of Domestic Violence Act of 1991", P.L.1991, c.261 (C.2C:25-17 et seq.) and whose firearm has not been returned; or
  - (9) To any person named on the consolidated Terrorist Watchlist maintained by the Terrorist Screening Center administered by the Federal Bureau of Investigation;
  - (10) To any person who is subject to a court order prohibiting the custody, control, ownership, purchase, possession, or receipt of a firearm or ammunition issued pursuant to the "Extreme Risk Protective Order Act of 2018", P.L.2018, c.35 (C.2C:58-20 et al.); or
  - (11) To any person who is subject to a court order prohibiting the custody, control, ownership, purchase, possession, or receipt of a firearm or ammunition issued pursuant to P.L.2021, c.327 (C.2C:12-14 et al.).
- 40 The chief of police of an organized full-time d. Issuance. police department of the municipality where the applicant resides or

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- 1 Court of the county in which his application was filed if he is a
- 2 nonresident. The request for a hearing shall be made in writing
- 3 within 30 days of the denial of the application for a permit or
- 4 identification card. The applicant shall serve a copy of his request
- 5 for a hearing upon the chief of police of the municipality in which
- 6 he resides, if he is a resident of New Jersey, and upon the
- 7 superintendent in all cases. The hearing shall be held and a record
- 8 made thereof within 30 days of the receipt of the application for a
- 9 hearing by the judge of the Superior Court. No formal pleading and
- 10 no filing fee shall be required as a preliminary to a hearing.
- 11 Appeals from the results of a hearing shall be in accordance with
- 12 law.

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13 Applications for permits to purchase a Applications. 14 handgun and for firearms purchaser identification cards shall be in 15 the form prescribed by the superintendent and shall set forth the 16 name, residence, place of business, age, date of birth, occupation, 17 sex and physical description, including distinguishing physical 18 characteristics, if any, of the applicant, and shall state whether the 19 applicant is a citizen, whether he is an alcoholic, habitual drunkard, 20 drug-dependent person as defined in section 2 of P.L.1970, c.226 21 (C.24:21-2), whether he has ever been confined or committed to a 22 mental institution or hospital for treatment or observation of a 23 mental or psychiatric condition on a temporary, interim or 24 permanent basis, giving the name and location of the institution or 25 hospital and the dates of confinement or commitment, whether he 26 has been attended, treated or observed by any doctor or psychiatrist 27 or at any hospital or mental institution on an inpatient or outpatient 28 basis for any mental or psychiatric condition, giving the name and 29 location of the doctor, psychiatrist, hospital or institution and the 30 dates of the occurrence, whether he presently or ever has been a 31 member of any organization which advocates or approves the 32 commission of acts of force and violence to overthrow the Government of the United States or of this State, or which seeks to 33 34 deny others their rights under the Constitution of either the United 35 States or the State of New Jersey, whether he has ever been 36 convicted of a crime or disorderly persons offense, whether the 37 person is subject to a restraining order issued pursuant to the 38 "Prevention of Domestic Violence Act of 1991", P.L.1991, c.261

(C.2C:25-17 et seq.) prohibiting the person from possessing any

firearm, whether the person is subject to a protective order issued pursuant to the "Extreme Risk Protective Order Act of 2018",

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application shall be signed by the applicant and shall contain as references the names and addresses of two reputable citizens personally acquainted with him.

Application blanks shall be obtainable from the superintendent, from any other officer authorized to grant a permit or identification card, and from licensed retail dealers.

The chief police officer or the superintendent shall obtain the fingerprints of the applicant and shall have them compared with any and all records of fingerprints in the municipality and county in which the applicant resides and also the records of the State Bureau of Identification and the Federal Bureau of Investigation, provided that an applicant for a handgun purchase permit who possesses a valid firearms purchaser identification card, or who has previously obtained a handgun purchase permit from the same licensing authority for which he was previously fingerprinted, and who provides other reasonably satisfactory proof of his identity, need not be fingerprinted again; however, the chief police officer or the superintendent shall proceed to investigate the application to determine whether or not the applicant has become subject to any of the disabilities set forth in this chapter.

Granting of permit or identification card; fee; term; renewal; revocation. The application for the permit to purchase a handgun together with a fee of \$2, or the application for the firearms purchaser identification card together with a fee of \$5, shall be delivered or forwarded to the licensing authority who shall investigate the same and, unless good cause for the denial thereof appears, shall grant the permit or the identification card, or both, if application has been made therefor, within 30 days from the date of receipt of the application for residents of this State and within 45 days for nonresident applicants. A permit to purchase a handgun shall be valid for a period of 90 days from the date of issuance and may be renewed by the issuing authority for good cause for an additional 90 days. A firearms purchaser identification card shall be valid until such time as the holder becomes subject to any of the disabilities set forth in subsection c. of this section, whereupon the card shall be void and shall be returned within five days by the holder to the superintendent, who shall then advise the licensing authority. Failure of the holder to return the firearms purchaser identification card to the superintendent within the five days shall be an offense under subsection a. of N.J.S.2C:39-10. Any firearms purchaser identification card may be revoked by the Superior Court

for the issuance of a permit or identification card, other than those that are specifically set forth in this chapter.

- g. Disposition of fees. All fees for permits shall be paid to the State Treasury if the permit is issued by the superintendent, to the municipality if issued by the chief of police, and to the county treasurer if issued by the judge of the Superior Court.
- h. Form of permit; quadruplicate; disposition of copies. The permit shall be in the form prescribed by the superintendent and shall be issued to the applicant in quadruplicate. Prior to the time he receives the handgun from the seller, the applicant shall deliver to the seller the permit in quadruplicate and the seller shall complete all of the information required on the form. Within five days of the date of the sale, the seller shall forward the original copy to the superintendent and the second copy to the chief of police of the municipality in which the purchaser resides, except that in a municipality having no chief of police, the copy shall be forwarded to the superintendent. The third copy shall then be returned to the purchaser with the pistol or revolver and the fourth copy shall be kept by the seller as a permanent record.
- i. Restriction on number of firearms person may purchase. Only one handgun shall be purchased or delivered on each permit and no more than one handgun shall be purchased within any 30-day period, but this limitation shall not apply to:
- (1) a federal, State, or local law enforcement officer or agency purchasing handguns for use by officers in the actual performance of their law enforcement duties;
- (2) a collector of handguns as curios or relics as defined in Title 18, United States Code, section 921 (a) (13) who has in his possession a valid Collector of Curios and Relics License issued by the federal Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms and Explosives;
- (3) transfers of handguns among licensed retail dealers, registered wholesale dealers and registered manufacturers;
- (4) transfers of handguns from any person to a licensed retail dealer or a registered wholesale dealer or registered manufacturer;
- (5) any transaction where the person has purchased a handgun from a licensed retail dealer and has returned that handgun to the dealer in exchange for another handgun within 30 days of the original transaction, provided the retail dealer reports the exchange transaction to the superintendent; or
- (6) any transaction where the superintendent issues an exemption from the prohibition in this subsection pursuant to the provisions of

purchaser identification card and provided further that he signs the certification required in subsection b. of this section for each transaction.

- Firearms passing to heirs or legatees. Notwithstanding any other provision of this section concerning the transfer, receipt or acquisition of a firearm, a permit to purchase or a firearms purchaser identification card shall not be required for the passing of a firearm upon the death of an owner thereof to his heir or legatee, whether the same be by testamentary bequest or by the laws of intestacy. The person who shall so receive, or acquire the firearm shall, however, be subject to all other provisions of this chapter. If the heir or legatee of the firearm does not qualify to possess or carry it, he may retain ownership of the firearm for the purpose of sale for a period not exceeding 180 days, or for a further limited period as may be approved by the chief law enforcement officer of the municipality in which the heir or legatee resides or the superintendent, provided that the firearm is in the custody of the chief law enforcement officer of the municipality or the superintendent during that period.
- k. Sawed-off shotguns. Nothing in this section shall be construed to authorize the purchase or possession of any sawed-off shotgun.
  - 1. Nothing in this section and in N.J.S.2C:58-2 shall apply to the sale or purchase of a visual distress signalling device approved by the United States Coast Guard, solely for possession on a private or commercial aircraft or any boat; provided, however, that no person under the age of 18 years shall purchase nor shall any person sell to a person under the age of 18 years a visual distress signalling device.
  - m. The provisions of subsections a. and b. of this section and paragraphs (4) and (5) of subsection a. of N.J.S.2C:58-2 shall not apply to the purchase of firearms by a law enforcement agency for use by law enforcement officers in the actual performance of the current or former judge's duties, which purchase may be made directly from a manufacturer or from a licensed dealer located in this State or any other state.
- n. For the purposes of this section, "immediate family" means a spouse, domestic partner as defined in section 3 of P.L.2003, c.246 (C.26:8A-3), partner in a civil union couple as defined in section 2 of P.L.2006, c.103 (C.37:1-29), parent, stepparent, grandparent, sibling, stepsibling, child, stepchild, and grandchild, as related by

### S1204 [1R] CRYAN, ZWICKER

1 <u>Jersey resident, and shall register any handgun so transported into</u> 2 this State within 60 days as provided in this subsection.

A person who registers a handgun pursuant to this subsection shall complete a registration statement, which shall be in a form prescribed by the superintendent. The information provided in the registration statement shall include, but shall not be limited to, the name and address of the person and the make, model, and serial number of the handgun being registered. Each registration statement shall be signed by the person, and the signature shall constitute a representation of the accuracy of the information contained in the registration statement.

The registration statement shall be submitted to the law enforcement agency of the municipality in which the person resides or, if the municipality does not have a municipal law enforcement agency, any State Police station.

Within 60 days prior to the effective date of P.L. , c. (pending before the Legislature as this bill), the superintendent shall prepare the form of registration statement as described in this subsection and shall provide a suitable supply of statements to each organized full-time municipal police department and each State Police station.

A person who fails to apply for a firearm purchaser identification card or register a handgun as required pursuant to this subsection shall be granted 30 days to comply with the provisions of this subsection. If the person does not comply within 30 days, the person shall be liable to a civil penalty of \$250 for a first offense and shall be guilty of a disorderly persons offense for a second or subsequent offense.

If a person is in possession of multiple firearms or handguns in violation of this subsection, the person shall be guilty of one offense under this subsection provided the violation is a single event.

The civil penalty shall be collected pursuant to the "Penalty Enforcement Law of 1999," P.L.1999, c.274 (C.2A:58-10 et seq.) in a summary proceeding before the municipal court having jurisdiction. A law enforcement officer having enforcement authority in that municipality may issue a summons for a violation, and may serve and execute all process with respect to the enforcement of this subsection consistent with the Rules of Court. <sup>1</sup>

40 (cf: P.L.2021, c.327, s.6)

### ASSEMBLY, No. 4367

### STATE OF NEW JERSEY

### 220th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED JUNE 20, 2022

### Sponsored by:

Assemblyman JOHN F. MCKEON
District 27 (Essex and Morris)
Assemblyman LOUIS D. GREENWALD
District 6 (Burlington and Camden)
Assemblyman BENJIE E. WIMBERLY
District 35 (Bergen and Passaic)

### Co-Sponsored by:

Assemblyman Verrelli, Assemblywomen Tucker, Jasey, Park, Assemblyman Stanley, Assemblywomen McKnight and Lampitt

### **SYNOPSIS**

Upgrades certain crimes related to manufacturing firearms from third degree to second degree.

### **CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT**

As introduced.

### A4367 MCKEON, GREENWALD

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AN ACT concerning firearms and amending N.J.S.2C:39-9.

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**BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

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- 1. N.J.S.2C:39-9 is amended to read as follows:
- 2C:39-9. Manufacture, Transport, Disposition and Defacement of Weapons and Dangerous Instruments and Appliances.
  - a. Machine guns. Any person who manufactures, causes to be manufactured, transports, ships, sells or disposes of any machine gun without being registered or licensed to do so as provided in chapter 58 of Title 2C of the New Jersey Statutes is guilty of a crime of the third degree.
- b. Sawed-off shotguns. Any person who manufactures, causes to be manufactured, transports, ships, sells or disposes of any sawed-off shotgun is guilty of a crime of the third degree.
- c. Firearm silencers. Any person who manufactures, causes to be manufactured, transports, ships, sells or disposes of any firearm silencer is guilty of a crime of the fourth degree.
- 19 20 d. Weapons. Any person who manufactures, causes to be 21 manufactured, transports, ships, sells or disposes of any weapon, 22 including gravity knives, switchblade knives, ballistic knives, 23 daggers, dirks, stilettos, billies, blackjacks, metal knuckles, 24 sandclubs, slingshots, cesti or similar leather bands studded with 25 metal filings, or, except as otherwise provided in subsection i. of 26 this section, in the case of firearms if he is not licensed or registered 27 to do so as provided in chapter 58 of Title 2C of the New Jersey 28 Statutes, is guilty of a crime of the fourth degree. Any person who 29 manufactures, causes to be manufactured, transports, ships, sells or 30 disposes of any weapon or other device which projects, releases or 31 emits tear gas or other substances intended to produce temporary 32 physical discomfort or permanent injury through being vaporized or 33 otherwise dispensed in the air, which is intended to be used for any 34 purpose other than for authorized military or law enforcement 35 purposes by duly authorized military or law enforcement personnel 36 or the device is for the purpose of personal self-defense, is pocket-37 sized and contains not more than three-quarters of an ounce of 38 chemical substance not ordinarily capable of lethal use or of 39 inflicting serious bodily injury, or other than to be used by any 40 person permitted to possess such weapon or device under the

provisions of subsection d. of N.J.S.2C:39-5, which is intended for

e. Defaced firearms. Any person who defaces any firearm is guilty of a crime of the third degree. Any person who knowingly buys, receives, disposes of or conceals a defaced firearm, except an antique firearm or an antique handgun, is guilty of a crime of the fourth degree.

- f. (1) Any person who manufactures, causes to be manufactured, transports, ships, sell, or disposes of any armor piercing ammunition, as defined in subsection gg. of N.J.S.2C:39-1, which is intended to be used for any purpose other than for authorized military or law enforcement purposes by duly authorized military or law enforcement personnel, is guilty of a crime of the fourth degree.
- (2) Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to prevent a licensed collector of ammunition as defined in paragraph (2) of subsection f. of N.J.S.2C:39-3 from transporting the bullets defined in paragraph (1) of this subsection from (a) any licensed retail or wholesale firearms dealer's place of business to the collector's dwelling, premises, or other land owned or possessed by him, or (b) to or from the collector's dwelling, premises or other land owned or possessed by him to any gun show for the purposes of display, sale, trade, or transfer between collectors, or (c) to or from the collector's dwelling, premises or other land owned or possessed by him to any rifle or pistol club organized in accordance with the rules prescribed by the National Board for the Promotion of Rifle Practice; provided that the club has filed a copy of its charter with the superintendent of the State Police and annually submits a list of its members to the superintendent, and provided further that the ammunition being transported shall be carried not loaded in any firearm and contained in a closed and fastened case, gun box, or locked in the trunk of the automobile in which it is being transported, and the course of travel shall include only such deviations as are reasonably necessary under the circumstances.
  - g. Assault firearms. Any person who manufactures, causes to be manufactured, transports, ships, sells or disposes of an assault firearm without being registered or licensed to do so pursuant to N.J.S.2C:58-1 et seq. is guilty of a crime of the third degree.
  - h. Large capacity ammunition magazines. Any person who manufactures, causes to be manufactured, transports, ships, sells or disposes of a large capacity ammunition magazine which is intended to be used for any purpose other than for authorized military or law enforcement purposes by duly authorized military or

### A4367 MCKEON, GREENWALD

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- shall be subject to forfeiture in accordance with the provisions of
- 2 N.J.S.2C:64-1 et seq.; provided however, this forfeiture provision
- 3 shall not apply to innocent owners, nor shall it affect the rights of a
- 4 holder of a valid lien.

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- The temporary transfer of a firearm shall not constitute a violation of this subsection if that firearm is transferred:
  - (1) while hunting or target shooting in accordance with the provisions of section 1 of P.L.1992, c.74 (C.2C:58-3.1);
  - (2) for shooting competitions sponsored by a licensed dealer, law enforcement agency, legally recognized military organization, or a rifle or pistol club which has filed a copy of its charter with the superintendent in accordance with the provisions of section 1 of P.L.1992, c.74 (C.2C:58-3.1); or
  - (3) for participation in a training course conducted by a certified instructor in accordance with the provisions of section 1 of P.L.1997, c.375 (C.2C:58-3.2).
  - The transfer of any firearm that uses air or carbon dioxide to expel a projectile; or the transfer of an antique firearm shall not constitute a violation of this subsection.
  - j. Any person who manufactures, causes to be manufactured, transports, ships, sells, or disposes of a bump stock as defined in subsection ee. of N.J.S.2C:39-1 or a trigger crank as defined in subsection ff. of N.J.S.2C:39-1 is guilty of a crime of the third degree.
- 24 25 k. Purchasing firearm parts to manufacture a firearm without a 26 serial number. In addition to any other criminal penalties provided 27 under law, a person who, with the purpose to manufacture or 28 otherwise assemble a firearm and without being registered or 29 licensed do so as provided in chapter 58 of Title 2C of the New 30 Jersey Statutes, purchases or otherwise obtains separately or as part 31 of a kit a firearm frame or firearm receiver which is not imprinted 32 with a serial number registered with a federally licensed 33 manufacturer or any combination of parts from which a firearm 34 without a serial number may be readily manufactured or otherwise 35 assembled, but which does not have the capacity to function as a 36 firearm unless manufactured or otherwise assembled is guilty of a 37 crime of the [third] second degree. Notwithstanding the provisions 38 of N.J.S.2C:1-8 or any other law, a conviction under this subsection 39 shall not merge with a conviction for any other criminal offense and

the court shall impose separate sentences upon a violation of this

subsection and any other criminal offense.

1. Manufacturing or facilitating the manufacture of a firearm using a three-dimensional printer. In addition to any other criminal penalties provided under law it is a **[**third**]** second degree crime for:

(cf: P.L.2019, c.165, s3)

- (1) a person who is not registered or licensed to do so as a manufacturer as provided in chapter 58 of Title 2C of the New Jersey Statutes, to use a three-dimensional printer or similar device to manufacture or produce a firearm, firearm receiver, magazine, or firearm component; or
- (2) a person to distribute by any means, including the Internet, to a person in New Jersey who is not registered or licensed as a manufacturer as provided in chapter 58 of Title 2C of the New Jersey Statutes, digital instructions in the form of computer-aided design files or other code or instructions stored and displayed in electronic format as a digital model that may be used to program a three-dimensional printer to manufacture or produce a firearm, firearm receiver, magazine, or firearm component.

As used in this subsection: "three-dimensional printer" means a computer or computer-driven machine or device capable of producing a three-dimensional object from a digital model; and "distribute" means to sell, or to manufacture, give, provide, lend, trade, mail, deliver, publish, circulate, disseminate, present, exhibit, display, share, advertise, offer, or make available via the Internet or by any other means, whether for pecuniary gain or not, and includes an agreement or attempt to distribute.

- m. Covert or undetectable firearms. Any person who manufactures, causes to be manufactured, transports, ships, sells or disposes of any covert firearm as defined in subsection hh. of N.J.S.2C:39-1 or any undetectable firearm as defined in subsection ii. of N.J.S.2C:39-1 is guilty of a crime of the [third] second degree.
- n. Transporting a manufactured firearm without a serial number. In addition to any other criminal penalties provided under law, a person who transports, ships, sells, or disposes of a firearm manufactured or otherwise assembled using a firearm frame or firearm receiver as defined in subsection k. of this section which is not imprinted with a serial number registered with a federally licensed manufacturer, including but not limited to a firearm manufactured or otherwise assembled from parts purchased or otherwise obtained in violation of subsection k. of this section, is guilty of a crime of the [third] second degree.

### A4367 MCKEON, GREENWALD

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- 1 three-dimensional printer; manufacturing a covert or undetectable
- 2 firearm; and transporting a manufactured firearm without a serial
- 3 number from third degree crimes to second degree crimes.

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- 4 Under current law, it is a third degree crime for a person:
  - not licensed as a manufacturer to purchase or otherwise obtain separately or as part of a kit a firearm frame or firearm receiver which is not imprinted with a serial number;
  - not licensed as a manufacturer to manufacture a firearm or certain components of a firearm using a three-dimensional printer;
    - to distribute to an unlicensed person, including via the Internet, digital instructions to manufacture a firearm or certain components of a firearm using a three-dimensional printer; and
    - to manufacture, cause to be manufacture, transport, ship, sell or dispose of any covert firearm or undetectable firearm.

The bill's provisions upgrade each these offenses to second degree crimes. A crime of the third degree is punishable by three to five years imprisonment, a fine of up to \$15,000, or both. A crime of the second degree is punishable by five to 10 years imprisonment, a fine of up to \$150,000, or both.

# [First Reprint] SENATE, No. 2905

# STATE OF NEW JERSEY 220th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED JUNE 20, 2022

Sponsored by:

Senator NICHOLAS P. SCUTARI
District 22 (Middlesex, Somerset and Union)
Assemblyman REGINALD W. ATKINS
District 20 (Union)
Assemblywoman ANNETTE QUIJANO
District 20 (Union)
Assemblyman WILLIAM B. SAMPSON, IV
District 31 (Hudson)

### **Co-Sponsored by:**

Senators Gill, Pou, Assemblyman McKeon, Assemblywomen Jasey, Tucker, Park, Assemblyman Stanley, Assemblywoman McKnight and Assemblyman Wimberly

### **SYNOPSIS**

Revises definition of destructive device to include certain .50 caliber rifles; makes certain exceptions.

### **CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT**

As reported by the Senate Law and Public Safety Committee on June 23, 2022, with amendments.

1 AN ACT concerning destructive devices, amending N.J.S.2C:39-1 2 and supplementing chapter 39 of Title 2C of the New Jersey 3 Statutes. 4 5 **BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State 6 of New Jersey: 7 8 1. N.J.S.2C:39-1 is amended to read as follows: 9 2C:39-1. Definitions. The following definitions apply to this 10 chapter and to chapter 58: 11 "Antique firearm" means any rifle or shotgun and "antique 12 cannon" means a destructive device defined in paragraph (3) of 13 subsection c. of this section, if the rifle, shotgun or destructive 14 device, or replica thereof, as the case may be, is incapable of being 15 fired or discharged, or which does not fire fixed ammunition, 16 regardless of date of manufacture, or was manufactured before 1898 17 for which cartridge ammunition is not commercially available, and 18 is possessed as a curiosity or ornament or for its historical 19 significance or value. 20 b. "Deface" means to remove, deface, cover, alter or destroy 21 the name of the maker, model designation, manufacturer's serial 22 number or any other distinguishing identification mark or number 23 on any firearm.

- " Destructive device" means any device, instrument or object designed to explode or produce uncontrolled combustion, including: (1) any explosive or incendiary bomb, mine or grenade;

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- (2) any rocket having a propellant charge of more than four ounces or any missile having an explosive or incendiary charge of more than one-quarter of an ounce;
- (3) any weapon capable of firing a projectile of a caliber greater than 60 caliber, except a shotgun or shotgun ammunition generally recognized as suitable for sporting purposes;
- (4) any Molotov cocktail or other device consisting of a breakable container containing flammable liquid and having a wick or similar device capable of being ignited. The term [does] shall not include any device manufactured for the purpose of illumination, distress signaling, line-throwing, safety, or similar purposes ; or
- (5) any center-fire rifle that is capable of firing a .50 BMG cartridge as defined in subsection ee. of this section.

The provisions of this paragraph shall not apply to any antique

solely used to fire blank ammunition for the purpose of a living historical reenactment as defined in subsection ff. of this section.

- d. "Dispose of" means to give, give away, lease, loan, keep for sale, offer, offer for sale, sell, transfer, or otherwise transfer possession.
- e. "Explosive" means any chemical compound or mixture that is commonly used or is possessed for the purpose of producing an explosion and which contains any oxidizing and combustible materials or other ingredients in such proportions, quantities or packing that an ignition by fire, by friction, by concussion or by detonation of any part of the compound or mixture may cause such a sudden generation of highly heated gases that the resultant gaseous pressures are capable of producing destructive effects on contiguous objects. The term shall not include small arms ammunition, or explosives in the form prescribed by the official United States Pharmacopoeia.
- f. "Firearm" means any handgun, rifle, shotgun, machine gun, automatic or semi-automatic rifle, or any gun, device or instrument in the nature of a weapon from which may be fired or ejected any solid projectable ball, slug, pellet, missile or bullet, or any gas, vapor or other noxious thing, by means of a cartridge or shell or by the action of an explosive or the igniting of flammable or explosive substances. It shall also include, without limitation, any firearm which is in the nature of an air gun, spring gun or pistol or other weapon of a similar nature in which the propelling force is a spring, elastic band, carbon dioxide, compressed or other gas or vapor, air or compressed air, or is ignited by compressed air, and ejecting a bullet or missile smaller than three-eighths of an inch in diameter, with sufficient force to injure a person.
- g. "Firearm silencer" means any instrument, attachment, weapon or appliance for causing the firing of any gun, revolver, pistol or other firearm to be silent, or intended to lessen or muffle the noise of the firing of any gun, revolver, pistol or other firearm.
- h. "Gravity knife" means any knife which has a blade which is released from the handle or sheath thereof by the force of gravity or the application of centrifugal force.
- i. "Machine gun" means any firearm, mechanism or instrument not requiring that the trigger be pressed for each shot and having a reservoir, belt or other means of storing and carrying ammunition which can be loaded into the firearm, mechanism or instrument and fired therefrom.

k. "Handgun" means any pistol, revolver or other firearm originally designed or manufactured to be fired by the use of a single hand.

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- 1. "Retail dealer" means any person including a gunsmith, except a manufacturer or a wholesale dealer, who sells, transfers or assigns for a fee or profit any firearm or parts of firearms or ammunition which he has purchased or obtained with the intention, or for the purpose, of reselling or reassigning to persons who are reasonably understood to be the ultimate consumers, and includes any person who is engaged in the business of repairing firearms or who sells any firearm to satisfy a debt secured by the pledge of a firearm.
- m. "Rifle" means any firearm designed to be fired from the shoulder and using the energy of the explosive in a fixed metallic cartridge to fire a single projectile through a rifled bore for each single pull of the trigger.
- n. "Shotgun" means any firearm designed to be fired from the shoulder and using the energy of the explosive in a fixed shotgun shell to fire through a smooth bore either a number of ball shots or a single projectile for each pull of the trigger, or any firearm designed to be fired from the shoulder which does not fire fixed ammunition.
- o. "Sawed-off shotgun" means any shotgun having a barrel or barrels of less than 18 inches in length measured from the breech to the muzzle, or a rifle having a barrel or barrels of less than 16 inches in length measured from the breech to the muzzle, or any firearm made from a rifle or a shotgun, whether by alteration, or otherwise, if such firearm as modified has an overall length of less than 26 inches.
- p. "Switchblade knife" means any knife or similar device which has a blade which opens automatically by hand pressure applied to a button, spring or other device in the handle of the knife.
- q. "Superintendent" means the Superintendent of the State Police.
- r. "Weapon" means anything readily capable of lethal use or of inflicting serious bodily injury. The term includes, but is not limited to, all (1) firearms, even though not loaded or lacking a clip or other component to render them immediately operable; (2) components which can be readily assembled into a weapon; (3) gravity knives, switchblade knives, daggers, dirks, stilettos, or other dangerous knives, billies, blackjacks, bludgeons, metal knuckles,

sandclubs, slingshots, cesti or similar leather bands studded with

- firearms, to persons who are reasonably understood not to be the
- 2 ultimate consumers, and includes persons who receive finished
- 3 parts of firearms and assemble them into completed or partially
- 4 completed firearms, in furtherance of such purpose, except that it
- 5 shall not include those persons dealing exclusively in grips, stocks
- 6 and other nonmetal parts of firearms.
- 7 t. "Stun gun" means any weapon or other device which emits
- 8 an electrical charge or current intended to temporarily or
- 9 permanently disable a person.
- u. "Ballistic knife" means any weapon or other device capable
- of lethal use and which can propel a knife blade.
- v. "Imitation firearm" means an object or device reasonably
- capable of being mistaken for a firearm.
- w. "Assault firearm" means:
- 15 (1) The following firearms:
- 16 Algimec AGM1 type
- 17 Any shotgun with a revolving cylinder such as the "Street
- 18 Sweeper" or "Striker 12"
- 19 Armalite AR-180 type
- 20 Australian Automatic Arms SAR
- 21 Avtomat Kalashnikov type semi-automatic firearms
- Beretta AR-70 and BM59 semi-automatic firearms
- 23 Bushmaster Assault Rifle
- 24 Calico M-900 Assault carbine and M-900
- 25 CETME G3
- 26 Chartered Industries of Singapore SR-88 type
- 27 Colt AR-15 and CAR-15 series
- Daewoo K-1, K-2, Max 1 and Max 2, AR 100 types
- 29 Demro TAC-1 carbine type
- Encom MP-9 and MP-45 carbine types
- FAMAS MAS223 types
- FN-FAL, FN-LAR, or FN-FNC type semi-automatic firearms
- Franchi SPAS 12 and LAW 12 shotguns
- 34 G3SA type
- Galil type Heckler and Koch HK91, HK93, HK94, MP5, PSG-1
- Intratec TEC 9 and 22 semi-automatic firearms
- 37 M1 carbine type
- 38 M14S type
- 39 MAC 10, MAC 11, MAC 11-9mm carbine type firearms
- 40 PJK M-68 carbine type
- 41 Plainfield Machine Company Carbine

- 1 USAS 12 semi-automatic type shotgun
- 2 Uzi type semi-automatic firearms
- 3 Valmet M62, M71S, M76, or M78 type semi-automatic firearms
- 4 Weaver Arm Nighthawk.

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- 5 (2) Any firearm manufactured under any designation which is 6 substantially identical to any of the firearms listed above.
  - (3) A semi-automatic shotgun with either a magazine capacity exceeding six rounds, a pistol grip, or a folding stock.
- 9 (4) A semi-automatic rifle with a fixed magazine capacity 10 exceeding 15 rounds.
- 11 (5) A part or combination of parts designed or intended to 12 convert a firearm into an assault firearm, or any combination of 13 parts from which an assault firearm may be readily assembled if 14 those parts are in the possession or under the control of the same 15 person.
  - x. "Semi-automatic" means a firearm which fires a single projectile for each single pull of the trigger and is self-reloading or automatically chambers a round, cartridge, or bullet.
  - y. "Large capacity ammunition magazine" means a box, drum, tube or other container which is capable of holding more than 15 rounds of ammunition to be fed continuously and directly therefrom into a semi-automatic firearm.
    - z. "Pistol grip" means a well-defined handle, similar to that found on a handgun, that protrudes conspicuously beneath the action of the weapon, and which permits the shotgun to be held and fired with one hand.
    - aa. "Antique handgun" means a handgun manufactured before 1898, or a replica thereof, which is recognized as being historical in nature or of historical significance and either (1) utilizes a match, friction, flint, or percussion ignition, or which utilizes a pin-fire cartridge in which the pin is part of the cartridge or (2) does not fire fixed ammunition or for which cartridge ammunition is not commercially available.
  - bb. "Trigger lock" means a commercially available device approved by the Superintendent of State Police which is operated with a key or combination lock that prevents a firearm from being discharged while the device is attached to the firearm. It may include, but need not be limited to, devices that obstruct the barrel or cylinder of the firearm, as well as devices that immobilize the trigger.
- 41 cc. "Trigger locking device" means a device that, if installed on

### **S2905** [1R] SCUTARI

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- handgun" 1 dd. "Personalized means handgun which incorporates within its design, and as part of its original 2 3 manufacture, technology which automatically limits its operational 4 use and which cannot be readily deactivated, so that it may only be 5 fired by an authorized or recognized user. The technology limiting 6 the handgun's operational use may include, but not be limited to: 7 radio frequency tagging, touch memory, remote control, fingerprint, 8 magnetic encoding and other automatic user identification systems 9 utilizing biometric, mechanical or electronic systems. No make or 10 model of a handgun shall be deemed to be a "personalized handgun" 11 unless the Attorney General has determined, through testing or 12 other reasonable means, that the handgun meets any reliability 13 standards that the manufacturer may require for its commercially 14 available handguns that are not personalized or, if the manufacturer 15 has no such reliability standards, the handgun meets the reliability 16 standards generally used in the industry for commercially available 17 handguns.
- ee. ".50 BMG cartridge" means a cartridge that is designed and intended to be fired from a center-fire rifle and that meets all of the following criteria:
- 21 (1) it has an overall length of 5.54 inches from the base to the tip 22 of the bullet;
- 23 (2) the bullet diameter for the cartridge is from .510 inches to 24 and including .511 inch;
- (3) the case base diameter for the cartridge is from .800 inches to
   and including .804 inch; and
- 27 (4) the cartridge case length is 3.91 inches.
- ff. "Living historical reenactment" means a depiction of historical characters, scenes, historical life, or events for entertainment, education, or historical documentation through the wearing or use of period, historical, antique or vintage clothing, accessories, firearms, weapons, and other implements of the
- 33 <u>historical period.</u>

34 (cf: P.L.2019, c.164, s.6)

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2. (New section) a. A person who lawfully owned a center-fire rifle that is capable of firing a .50 BMG cartridge before the rifle was prohibited under the provisions of paragraph (5) of subsection c. of N.J.S.2C:39-1 by the enactment of P.L. , c. (C. ) (pending before the Legislature as this bill) shall

register that firearm within one year of the enactment of P.L.

### **S2905** [1R] SCUTARI

- the chief law enforcement officer of the municipality. All other applicants shall register the firearm with the Superintendent of State
- c. Within 60 days of the effective date of P.L., c. (C.)

  (pending before the Legislature as this bill), the superintendent shall

  prepare the form of registration statement required under subsection

  a. of this section and shall provide a suitable supply of statements to
- 8 each organized full-time municipal police department and each
- 9 State Police station.10 d. One copy of

Police.

- d. One copy of the completed prohibited firearm registration statement shall be returned to the registrant, a second copy shall be sent to the superintendent, and, if the registration takes place at a municipal police department, a third copy shall be retained by that municipal police department.
- e. If the owner of a prohibited firearm that has been registered pursuant to this section dies, the owner's heirs or estate shall, within 90 days, dispose of that firearm in accordance with the provisions of section 3 of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill).
- f. If a prohibited firearm registered pursuant to this section is used in the commission of a crime, the registrant of that prohibited firearm shall be civilly liable for any damages resulting from that crime.
- The liability imposed by this subsection shall not apply 1:1 (1) if the firearm used in the commission of that crime was stolen and the registrant reported the theft of the weapon to law enforcement authorities within 36 hours of 1 [the registrant's knowledge of the theft] discovering that the firearm was stolen; 1 or (2) prior to the commission of the crime, the registrant lawfully transferred the firearm to another person.
- g. The provisions of this paragraph shall not apply to any antique firearm, curio or relic, or weapon solely used to fire blank ammunition for the purpose of a living historical reenactment in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (5) of subsection c. of N.J.S.2C:39-1<sup>1</sup>.<sup>1</sup>

- 3. (New section) a. A person who lawfully owned a centerfire rifle that is capable of firing a .50 BMG cartridge prohibited under the provisions of paragraph (5) of subsection c. of
- under the provisions of paragraph (5) of subsection c. of N.J.S.2C:39-1 on the effective date of P.L., c. (C. ) (pending
  - hefore the Legislature as this hill) and does not register it nursuant

### **S2905** [1R] SCUTARI

- 1 (3) voluntarily surrender the prohibited firearm pursuant to 2 N.J.S.2C:39-12.
  - b. If the owner of the prohibited firearm elects to render the weapon inoperable, the owner shall file a certification on a form prescribed by the superintendent indicating the date on which the weapon was rendered inoperable. This certification shall be filed with either the chief law enforcement officer of the municipality in which the owner resides or, in the case of an owner who resides in a municipality which does not have a full-time police department, with the superintendent.
  - c. As used in this section, "inoperable" means that the firearm is altered in such a manner that it cannot be immediately fired and that the owner or possessor of the firearm does not possess or have control over the parts necessary to make the firearm operable.
  - d. The provisions of this paragraph shall not apply to any antique firearm, curio or relic, or weapon solely used to fire blank ammunition for purpose of a living historical reenactment in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (5) of subsection c. of N.J.S.2C:39-1<sup>1</sup>.<sup>1</sup>

4. This act shall take effect on the first day of the third month next following the date of enactment, but the Superintendent of State Police may take any anticipatory action in advance thereof as shall be necessary for the implementation of this act.

## [Second Reprint] ASSEMBLY, No. 1302

### STATE OF NEW JERSEY

### 220th LEGISLATURE

PRE-FILED FOR INTRODUCTION IN THE 2022 SESSION

### Sponsored by:

Assemblyman LOUIS D. GREENWALD
District 6 (Burlington and Camden)
Assemblywoman VERLINA REYNOLDS-JACKSON
District 15 (Hunterdon and Mercer)
Assemblyman REGINALD W. ATKINS
District 20 (Union)
Senator JOSEPH P. CRYAN
District 20 (Union)
Senator RICHARD J. CODEY
District 27 (Essex and Morris)

### **Co-Sponsored by:**

Assemblywoman Jasey, Assemblymen McKeon, Tully, Assemblywomen Chaparro, Swain, Carter, McKnight, Jimenez, Assemblyman Spearman, Assemblywoman Jaffer, Assemblymen Wimberly, Sampson, Moen, Conaway, Assemblywoman Quijano, Assemblyman Stanley, Assemblywomen Park, Tucker, Senators Gill, Johnson and Pou

### **SYNOPSIS**

Regulates sale of handgun ammunition and develops system of electronic reporting of handgun ammunition sales.

### **CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT**

As reported by the Assembly Appropriations Committee on June 23, 2022

AN ACT concerning the sale of ammunition, amending N.J.S.2C:58-1, N.J.S.2C:58-2, N.J.S.2C:58-3, and P.L.2007, c.318, and supplementing Title 2C of the New Jersey Statutes.

**BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

- 1. N.J.S.2C:58-1 is amended to read as follows:
- 9 2C:58-1. Registration of manufacturers and wholesale dealers of firearms
  - a. Registration. Every manufacturer and wholesale dealer of firearms shall register with the superintendent as provided in this section. No person shall engage in the business of, or act as a manufacturer or wholesale dealer of firearms, or manufacture or sell at wholesale any firearm, until he has so registered.

Applications for registration shall be made on such forms as shall be prescribed by the superintendent, and the applicant shall furnish such information and other particulars as may be prescribed by law or by any rules or regulations promulgated by the superintendent. Each application for registration or renewal shall be accompanied by a fee of \$150.00.

The superintendent shall prescribe standards and qualifications for the registration of manufacturers and wholesalers of firearms, for the protection of the public safety, health and welfare. He shall refuse to register any applicant for registration unless he is satisfied that the applicant can be permitted to engage in business as a manufacturer or wholesale dealer of firearms without any danger to the public safety, health or welfare.

The superintendent shall issue a certificate of registration to every person registered under this section, and such certificate shall be valid for a period of 3 years from the date of issuance.

b. Wholesale dealer's agent. Every registered wholesale dealer of firearms shall cause each of his agents or employees actively engaged in the purchase or sale of firearms to be licensed with the superintendent as a wholesale dealer's agent. Applications for agents' licenses shall be submitted on such forms as shall be prescribed by the superintendent, and shall be signed by the registered wholesale dealer and by the agent. Each application shall be accompanied by a fee of \$5.00, and each license shall be valid for so long as the agent or employee remains in the employ of the

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- c. Revocation of certificate of registration or license.
- The superintendent may, after reasonable notice to all affected parties and a hearing if requested, revoke any certificate of
- 4 registration or agent's license if he finds that the registered or
- 5 licensed person is no longer engaged in the business of
- 6 manufacturing or wholesaling firearms in this State or that he can
- 7 no longer be permitted to carry on such business without
- 8 endangering the public safety, health or welfare. A certificate or
- 9 license may be canceled at any time at the request of the registered
- or licensed person.

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- d. Appeals. Any person aggrieved by the refusal of the superintendent to register him as a manufacturer or wholesale dealer
- or a wholesale dealer's agent, or by revocation of his certificate or
- license, may appeal to the Appellate Division of the Superior Court.
- e. Records of sales. Every manufacturer and wholesale dealer
- shall keep a detailed record of each firearm and all handgun
- 17 <u>ammunition</u> sold by [him] the manufacturer and dealer. The
- 18 <u>firearm</u> record shall include the date of sale, the name and address
- 19 of the purchaser, a description of each firearm and the <u>firearm's</u>
- serial number [thereof]. The handgun ammunition record shall be
- in electronic form and shall contain the date of the transaction; the type, caliber, or gauge of the ammunition; the quantity of
- type, caliber, or gauge of the ammunition; the quantity of ammunition sold; the name and address of the purchaser; and any
- other information the superintendent shall deem necessary for the
- 25 proper enforcement of this shorter. The records shall be evaluable
- 25 <u>proper enforcement of this chapter.</u> The records shall be available
- 26 for inspection at all reasonable times by any law enforcement
- 27 officer.
- 28 <u>Every manufacturer and wholesale dealer shall establish a system</u>
- 29 for maintaining electronic records pursuant to this subsection within
- 30 12 months of the effective date of P.L., c. (C.) (pending
- 31 <u>before the Legislature as this bill).</u>
- 32 (cf: N.J.S.2C:58-1)

- 2. N.J.S.2C:58-2 is amended to read as follows:
- 35 2C:58-2. a. Licensing of retail dealers and their employees. No
- 36 retail dealer of firearms nor any employee of a retail dealer shall
- sell or expose for sale, or possess with the intent of selling, any
- 38 firearm unless licensed to do so as hereinafter provided. The
- The integral differences included to do so as inclinated provided. The
- 39 superintendent shall prescribe standards and qualifications for retail
- 40 dealers of firearms and their employees for the protection of the

business as a retail dealer of firearms or employee thereof without any danger to the public safety, health and welfare. Each license shall be valid for a period of three years from the date of issuance, and shall authorize the holder to sell firearms at retail in a specified municipality.

In addition, every retail dealer shall pay a fee of \$5 for each employee actively engaged in the sale or purchase of firearms. The superintendent shall issue a license for each employee for whom said fee has been paid, which license shall be valid for so long as the employee remains in the employ of said retail dealer.

No license shall be granted to any retail dealer under the age of 21 years or to any employee of a retail dealer under the age of 18 or to any person who could not qualify to obtain a permit to purchase a handgun or a firearms purchaser identification card, or to any corporation, partnership or other business organization in which the actual or equitable controlling interest is held or possessed by such an ineligible person.

All licenses shall be granted subject to the following conditions, for breach of any of which the license shall be subject to revocation on the application of any law enforcement officer and after notice and hearing by the issuing court:

- (1) The business shall be carried on only in the building or buildings designated in the license, provided that repairs may be made by the dealer or his employees outside of such premises.
- (2) The license or a copy certified by the issuing authority shall be displayed at all times in a conspicuous place on the business premises where it can be easily read.
- (3) No firearm or imitation thereof shall be placed in any window or in any other part of the premises where it can be readily seen from the outside.
- (4) No rifle or shotgun, except antique rifles or shotguns, shall be delivered to any person unless such person possesses and exhibits a valid firearms purchaser identification card and furnishes the seller, on the form prescribed by the superintendent, a certification signed by him setting forth his name, permanent address, firearms purchaser identification card number and such other information as the superintendent may by rule or regulation require. The certification shall be retained by the dealer and shall be made available for inspection by any law enforcement officer at any reasonable time.

(5) No handown shall be delivered to once names welloge

- 1 (d) The handgun is accompanied by a trigger lock or a locked 2 case, gun box, container or other secure facility; provided, however, 3 this provision shall not apply to antique handguns or personalized 4 handguns included in the roster pursuant to section 2 of P.L.2019, 5 The exemptions afforded under this c.164 (C.2C:58-2.8). 6 subparagraph for antique handguns and personalized handguns shall 7 be narrowly construed, limited solely to the requirements set forth 8 herein and shall not be deemed to afford or authorize any other 9 exemption from the regulatory provisions governing firearms set 10 forth in chapter 39 and chapter 58 of Title 2C of the New Jersey 11 Statutes; and
  - (e) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.2019, c.164)

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- (6) The dealer shall keep a true record of every handgun sold, given or otherwise delivered or disposed of, in accordance with the provisions of subsections b. through e. of this section and the record shall note whether a trigger lock, locked case, gun box, container or other secure facility was delivered along with the handgun.
- (7) A dealer shall not knowingly deliver more than one handgun to any person within any 30-day period. This limitation shall not apply to:
- (a) a federal, State, or local law enforcement officer or agency purchasing handguns for use by officers in the actual performance of their law enforcement duties;
- (b) a collector of handguns as curios or relics as defined in Title 18, United States Code, section 921 (a) (13) who has in his possession a valid Collector of Curios and Relics License issued by the federal Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms and Explosives;
- (c) transfers of handguns among licensed retail dealers, registered wholesale dealers and registered manufacturers;
- (d) any transaction where the person has purchased a handgun from a licensed retail dealer and has returned that handgun to the dealer in exchange for another handgun within 30 days of the original transaction, provided the retail dealer reports the exchange transaction to the superintendent; or
- (e) any transaction where the superintendent issues an exemption from the prohibition in this subsection pursuant to the provisions of section 4 of P.L.2009, c.186 (C.2C:58-3.4).
- b. Records. (1) Every person engaged in the retail business of selling, leasing or otherwise transferring a handgun, as a retail dealer or otherwise, shall keep a register in which shall be entered the time of the sale classe or other transfer, the data thereof the

proper enforcement of this chapter. The register shall be retained by 1 2 the dealer and shall be made available at all reasonable hours for 3 inspection by any law enforcement officer.

- (2) Every person engaged in the retail business of selling, leasing, or otherwise transferring handgun ammunition, as a retail dealer or otherwise, shall keep an electronic record in which shall be entered the name of the manufacturer; the date of the transaction; the type; caliber or gauge of the ammunition; the quantity of the ammunition sold; the name, address, and date of birth of the purchaser; the identification used to establish the identity of the purchaser; and any other information the superintendent shall deem necessary for the proper enforcement of this chapter.
- The electronic records shall be retained by the dealer and shall be made available at all reasonable hours for inspection by any law enforcement officer, and additionally shall be electronically reported to the superintendent in accordance with section <sup>1</sup> [4] 5<sup>1</sup> of P.L., c. (C. ) (pending before the Legislature as this bill).
  - <sup>1</sup>(3) Every retail dealer in the business of selling or otherwise transferring handgun ammunition shall immediately electronically report to the State Police any transaction involving the sale, transfer, assignment, or disposition of 2,000 or more rounds of handgun ammunition and information relating to each transaction in accordance with this subsection.
  - Until the implementation of the electronic record system described in paragraph (2) of subsection b. of this section or section 5 of P.L., c. (C. ) (pending before the Legislature as this bill), the retail dealer shall immediately contact the State Police regarding the sale, transfer, assignment, or disposition of 2,000 or more rounds of handgun ammunition in accordance with guidelines established by the superintendent.<sup>1</sup>
    - Forms of register.

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31 32 [The] (1) Until the implementation of the electronic record system described in paragraph (2) of subsection b. of this section or 33 section<sup>1</sup>[4] 5<sup>1</sup> of P.L., c. (C. ) (pending before the 34 Legislature as this bill), the superintendent shall prepare the form of 35 36 the register as described in paragraph (1) of subsection b. of this 37 section and furnish the same in triplicate to each person licensed to 38 be engaged in the business of selling, leasing or otherwise 39 transferring firearms.

(2) All retail dealers of handgun ammunition shall establish a

- transferee of any handgun shall sign, and the dealer shall require
- 2 him to sign his name to the register, in triplicate, and the person
- making the sale, lease or transfer shall affix his name, in triplicate,
- 4 as a witness to the signature. The signatures, or the entry of an
- 5 <u>electronic signature in the electronic record system pursuant to</u>
- 6 paragraph (2) of subsection b. of this section or section <sup>1</sup>[4] 5<sup>1</sup> of
- 7 P.L., c. (C. ) (pending before the Legislature as this bill),
- 8 shall constitute a representation of the accuracy of the information
- 9 contained in the register.
- e. Copies of register entries; delivery to chief of police or county clerk.
  - [Within] (1) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (2) of this subsection, within five days of the date of the sale, assignment or transfer, the dealer shall deliver or mail by certified mail, return receipt requested, legible copies of the register forms to the office of the chief of police of the municipality in which the purchaser resides, or to the office of the captain of the precinct of the municipality in which the purchaser resides, and to the superintendent. If hand delivered a receipt shall be given to the dealer therefor.

Where a sale, assignment or transfer is made to a purchaser who resides in a municipality having no chief of police, the dealer shall, within five days of the transaction, mail a duplicate copy of the register sheet to the clerk of the county within which the purchaser resides.

(2) A dealer shall not be required to use the triplicate form after the dealer establishes an electronic reporting system pursuant to paragraph (2) of subsection b. of this section or section <sup>1</sup>[4] 5<sup>1</sup> of P.L., c. (C. ) (pending before the Legislature as this bill). (cf: P.L.2019, c.164, s.7)

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- <sup>1</sup>[3. N.J.S.2C:58-3 is amended to read as follows:
- 33 2C:58-3. a. Permit to purchase a handgun.
  - (1) No person shall sell, give, transfer, assign or otherwise dispose of, nor receive, purchase, or otherwise acquire a handgun unless the purchaser, assignee, donee, receiver or holder is licensed as a dealer under this chapter or has first secured a permit to purchase a handgun as provided by this section.
  - (2) A person who is not a licensed retail dealer and sells, gives, transfers, assigns, or otherwise disposes of, or receives, purchases

(c) between collectors of firearms or ammunition as curios or relics as defined in Title 18, U.S.C. section 921 (a) (13) who have in their possession a valid Collector of Curios and Relics License issued by the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms, and Explosives; or

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- 6 (d) a temporary transfer pursuant to section 1 of P.L.1992, c.74 (C.2C:58-3.1) or section 1 of P.L.1997, c.375 (C.2C:58-3.2).
  - (3) Prior to a transaction conducted pursuant to this subsection, the retail dealer shall complete a National Instant Criminal Background Check of the person acquiring the handgun. In addition:
  - (a) the retail dealer shall submit to the Superintendent of State Police, on a form approved by the superintendent, information identifying and confirming the background check;
  - (b) every retail dealer shall maintain a record of transactions conducted pursuant to this subsection, which shall be maintained at the address displayed on the retail dealer's license for inspection by a law enforcement officer during reasonable hours;
  - (c) a retail dealer may charge a fee for a transaction conducted pursuant to this subsection; and
  - (d) any record produced pursuant to this subsection shall not be considered a public record pursuant to P.L.1963, c.73 (C.47:1A-1 et seq.) or P.L.2001, c.404 (C.47:1A-5 et al.).
- 24 b. Firearms purchaser identification card. 25 (1) No person shall sell, give, transfer, assign or otherwise 26 dispose of nor receive, purchase or otherwise acquire an antique 27 cannon or a rifle or shotgun, other than an antique rifle or shotgun, 28 unless the purchaser, assignee, donee, receiver or holder is licensed 29 as a dealer under this chapter or possesses a valid firearms 30 purchaser identification card, and first exhibits the card to the seller, 31 donor, transferor or assignor, and unless the purchaser, assignee, 32 donee, receiver or holder signs a written certification, on a form 33 prescribed by the superintendent, which shall indicate that he 34 presently complies with the requirements of subsection c. of this 35 section and shall contain his name, address and firearms purchaser 36 identification card number or dealer's registration number. The 37 certification shall be retained by the seller, as provided in paragraph 38 (4) of subsection a. of N.J.S.2C:58-2, or, in the case of a person 39 who is not a dealer, it may be filed with the chief of police of the

municipality in which he resides or with the superintendent.

(2) A manager who is not a licensed noted dealer and

- (a) between members of an immediate family as defined in subsection n. of this section;
  - (b) between law enforcement officers;

- (c) between collectors of firearms or ammunition as curios or relics as defined in Title 18, U.S.C. section 921 (a) (13) who have in their possession a valid Collector of Curios and Relics License issued by the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms, and Explosives; or
- (d) a temporary transfer pursuant to section 1 of P.L.1992, c.74 (C.2C:58-3.1) and section 1 of P.L.1997, c.375 (C.2C:58-3.2).
- (3) Prior to a transaction conducted pursuant to this subsection, the retail dealer shall complete a National Instant Criminal Background Check of the person acquiring an antique cannon or a rifle or shotgun. In addition:
- (a) the retail dealer shall submit to the Superintendent of State Police, on a form approved by the superintendent, information identifying and confirming the background check;
- (b) every retail dealer shall maintain a record of transactions conducted pursuant to this section which shall be maintained at the address set forth on the retail dealer's license for inspection by a law enforcement officer during reasonable hours;
- (c) a retail dealer may charge a fee for a transaction conducted pursuant to this subsection; and
  - (d) any record produced pursuant to this subsection shall not be considered a public record pursuant to P.L.1963, c.73 (C.47:1A-1 et seq.) or P.L.2001, c.404 (C.47:1A-5 et al.).
  - c. Who may obtain. No person of good character and good repute in the community in which he lives, and who is not subject to any of the disabilities set forth in this section or other sections of this chapter, shall be denied a permit to purchase a handgun or a firearms purchaser identification card, except as hereinafter set forth. No handgun purchase permit or firearms purchaser identification card shall be issued:
  - (1) To any person who has been convicted of any crime, or a disorderly persons offense involving an act of domestic violence as defined in section 3 of P.L.1991, c.261 (C.2C:25-19), whether or not armed with or possessing a weapon at the time of the offense;
  - (2) To any drug dependent person as defined in section 2 of P.L.1970, c.226 (C.24:21-2), to any person who is confined for a mental disorder to a hospital, mental institution or sanitarium, or to

the handling of firearms; to any person who knowingly falsifies any information on the application form for a handgun purchase permit or firearms purchaser identification card;

- (4) To any person under the age of 18 years for a firearms purchaser identification card and to any person under the age of 21 years for a permit to purchase a handgun;
- (5) To any person where the issuance would not be in the interest of the public health, safety or welfare;
- (6) To any person who is subject to a restraining order issued pursuant to the "Prevention of Domestic Violence Act of 1991," P.L.1991, c.261 (C.2C:25-17 et seq.) prohibiting the person from possessing any firearm;
- (7) To any person who as a juvenile was adjudicated delinquent for an offense which, if committed by an adult, would constitute a crime and the offense involved the unlawful use or possession of a weapon, explosive or destructive device or is enumerated in subsection d. of section 2 of P.L.1997, c.117 (C.2C:43-7.2);
- (8) To any person whose firearm is seized pursuant to the "Prevention of Domestic Violence Act of 1991," P.L.1991, c.261 (C.2C:25-17 et seq.) and whose firearm has not been returned; or
- (9) To any person named on the consolidated Terrorist Watchlist maintained by the Terrorist Screening Center administered by the Federal Bureau of Investigation; or
- (10) To any person who is subject to a court order prohibiting the custody, control, ownership, purchase, possession, or receipt of a firearm or ammunition issued pursuant to the "Extreme Risk Protective Order Act of 2018," P.L.2018, c.35 (C.2C:58-20 et al.).
- d. Issuance. The chief of police of an organized full-time police department of the municipality where the applicant resides or the superintendent, in all other cases, shall upon application, issue to any person qualified under the provisions of subsection c. of this section a permit to purchase a handgun or a firearms purchaser identification card.

Any person aggrieved by the denial of a permit or identification card may request a hearing in the Superior Court of the county in which he resides if he is a resident of New Jersey or in the Superior Court of the county in which his application was filed if he is a nonresident. The request for a hearing shall be made in writing within 30 days of the denial of the application for a permit or identification could be applicated about some a count of his request.

1 Appeals from the results of a hearing shall be in accordance with 2 law.

3 e. Applications. Applications for permits to purchase a 4 handgun and for firearms purchaser identification cards shall be in 5 the form prescribed by the superintendent and shall set forth the 6 name, residence, place of business, age, date of birth, occupation, 7 sex and physical description, including distinguishing physical 8 characteristics, if any, of the applicant, and shall state whether the 9 applicant is a citizen, whether he is an alcoholic, habitual drunkard, 10 drug dependent person as defined in section 2 of P.L.1970, 11 c.226 (C.24:21-2), whether he has ever been confined or committed 12 to a mental institution or hospital for treatment or observation of a 13 mental or psychiatric condition on a temporary, interim or 14 permanent basis, giving the name and location of the institution or 15 hospital and the dates of confinement or commitment, whether he 16 has been attended, treated or observed by any doctor or psychiatrist 17 or at any hospital or mental institution on an inpatient or outpatient 18 basis for any mental or psychiatric condition, giving the name and 19 location of the doctor, psychiatrist, hospital or institution and the 20 dates of the occurrence, whether he presently or ever has been a 21 member of any organization which advocates or approves the 22 commission of acts of force and violence to overthrow the 23 Government of the United States or of this State, or which seeks to 24 deny others their rights under the Constitution of either the United 25 States or the State of New Jersey, whether he has ever been 26 convicted of a crime or disorderly persons offense, whether the 27 person is subject to a restraining order issued pursuant to the 28 "Prevention of Domestic Violence Act of 1991," P.L.1991, 29 c.261 (C.2C:25-17 et seq.) prohibiting the person from possessing 30 any firearm, whether the person is subject to a protective order 31 issued pursuant to the "Extreme Risk Protective Order Act of 32 2018," P.L.2018, c.35 (C.2C:58-20 et al.) prohibiting the person 33 from possessing any firearm, and other information as the 34 superintendent shall deem necessary for the proper enforcement of 35 this chapter. For the purpose of complying with this subsection, the 36 applicant shall waive any statutory or other right of confidentiality 37 relating to institutional confinement. The application shall be 38 signed by the applicant and shall contain as references the names 39 and addresses of two reputable citizens personally acquainted with 40

1 which the applicant resides and also the records of the State Bureau 2 of Identification and the Federal Bureau of Investigation, provided 3 that an applicant for a handgun purchase permit who possesses a 4 valid firearms purchaser identification card, or who has previously 5 obtained a handgun purchase permit from the same licensing 6 authority for which he was previously fingerprinted, and who 7 provides other reasonably satisfactory proof of his identity, need not 8 be fingerprinted again; however, the chief police officer or the 9 superintendent shall proceed to investigate the application to 10 determine whether or not the applicant has become subject to any of 11 the disabilities set forth in this chapter.

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Granting of permit or identification card; fee; term; renewal; revocation. The application for the permit to purchase a handgun together with a fee of \$2, or the application for the firearms purchaser identification card together with a fee of \$5, shall be delivered or forwarded to the licensing authority who shall investigate the same and, unless good cause for the denial thereof appears, shall grant the permit or the identification card, or both, if application has been made therefor, within 30 days from the date of receipt of the application for residents of this State and within 45 days for nonresident applicants. A permit to purchase a handgun shall be valid for a period of 90 days from the date of issuance and may be renewed by the issuing authority for good cause for an additional 90 days. A firearms purchaser identification card shall be valid until such time as the holder becomes subject to any of the disabilities set forth in subsection c. of this section, whereupon the card shall be void and shall be returned within five days by the holder to the superintendent, who shall then advise the licensing authority. Failure of the holder to return the firearms purchaser identification card to the superintendent within the five days shall be an offense under subsection a. of N.J.S.2C:39-10. Any firearms purchaser identification card may be revoked by the Superior Court of the county wherein the card was issued, after hearing upon notice, upon a finding that the holder thereof no longer qualifies for the issuance of the permit. The county prosecutor of any county, the chief police officer of any municipality or any citizen may apply to the court at any time for the revocation of the card.

There shall be no conditions or requirements added to the form or content of the application, or required by the licensing authority for the issuance of a permit or identification card, other than those that are appearing all weat forth in this charter.

- 1 superintendent and shall be issued to the applicant in quadruplicate.
- 2 Prior to the time he receives the handgun from the seller, the
- 3 applicant shall deliver to the seller the permit in quadruplicate and
- 4 the seller shall complete all of the information required on the form.
- 5 Within five days of the date of the sale, the seller shall forward the
- 6 original copy to the superintendent and the second copy to the chief
- 7 of police of the municipality in which the purchaser resides, except
- 8 that in a municipality having no chief of police, the copy shall be
- 9 forwarded to the superintendent. The third copy shall then be
- 10 returned to the purchaser with the pistol or revolver and the fourth
- 11 copy shall be kept by the seller as a permanent record.
- 12 (2) The requirements of this subsection concerning the delivery
- 13 and form of permit and disposition of copies shall not be applicable
- 14 when these functions may be completed by utilizing an electronic
- 15 system as described in paragraph (2) of subsection b. of
- N.J.S.2C:58-2 or section 4 of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before 16
- 17 the Legislature as this bill).
- 18 Restriction on number of firearms person may purchase.
- 19 Only one handgun shall be purchased or delivered on each permit
- 20 and no more than one handgun shall be purchased within any 30-
- 21 day period, but this limitation shall not apply to:
- 22 (1) a federal, State, or local law enforcement officer or agency
- 23 purchasing handguns for use by officers in the actual performance
- 24 of their law enforcement duties;

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- (2) a collector of handguns as curios or relics as defined in Title
- 26 18, United States Code, section 921 (a) (13) who has in his
- 27 possession a valid Collector of Curios and Relics License issued by
- 28 the federal Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms and Explosives;
- 29 (3) transfers of handguns among licensed retail dealers,
- 30 registered wholesale dealers and registered manufacturers;
  - (4) transfers of handguns from any person to a licensed retail
- 32 dealer or a registered wholesale dealer or registered manufacturer;
- 33 (5) any transaction where the person has purchased a handgun
- 34 from a licensed retail dealer and has returned that handgun to the
- 35 dealer in exchange for another handgun within 30 days of the
- 36 original transaction, provided the retail dealer reports the exchange 37 transaction to the superintendent; or
- 38 (6) any transaction where the superintendent issues 39
  - exemption from the prohibition in this subsection pursuant to the
- provisions of section 4 of P.L.2009, c.186 (C.2C:58-3.4). 40

The married and of this subsection shall not be some

certification required in subsection b. of this section for each transaction.

- Firearms passing to heirs or legatees. Notwithstanding any other provision of this section concerning the transfer, receipt or acquisition of a firearm, a permit to purchase or a firearms purchaser identification card shall not be required for the passing of a firearm upon the death of an owner thereof to his heir or legatee, whether the same be by testamentary bequest or by the laws of intestacy. The person who shall so receive, or acquire the firearm shall, however, be subject to all other provisions of this chapter. If the heir or legatee of the firearm does not qualify to possess or carry it, he may retain ownership of the firearm for the purpose of sale for a period not exceeding 180 days, or for a further limited period as may be approved by the chief law enforcement officer of the municipality in which the heir or legatee resides or the superintendent, provided that the firearm is in the custody of the chief law enforcement officer of the municipality or the superintendent during that period.
- k. Sawed-off shotguns. Nothing in this section shall be construed to authorize the purchase or possession of any sawed-off shotgun.
- l. Nothing in this section and in N.J.S.2C:58-2 shall apply to the sale or purchase of a visual distress signalling device approved by the United States Coast Guard, solely for possession on a private or commercial aircraft or any boat; provided, however, that no person under the age of 18 years shall purchase nor shall any person sell to a person under the age of 18 years a visual distress signalling device.
- m. The provisions of subsections a. and b. of this section and paragraphs (4) and (5) of subsection a. of N.J.S.2C:58-2 shall not apply to the purchase of firearms by a law enforcement agency for use by law enforcement officers in the actual performance of the officers' official duties, which purchase may be made directly from a manufacturer or from a licensed dealer located in this State or any other state.
- n. For the purposes of this section, "immediate family" means a spouse, domestic partner as defined in section 3 of P.L.2003, c.246 (C.26:8A-3), partner in a civil union couple as defined in section 2 of P.L.2006, c.103 (C.37:1-29), parent, stepparent, grandparent, sibling, stepsibling, child, stepchild, and grandchild, as

- as a dealer under this chapter or has first secured a permit to purchase a handgun as provided by this section.
  - (2) A person who is not a licensed retail dealer and sells, gives, transfers, assigns, or otherwise disposes of, or receives, purchases or otherwise acquires a handgun pursuant to this section shall conduct the transaction through a licensed retail dealer.

The provisions of this paragraph shall not apply if the transaction is:

- (a) between members of an immediate family as defined in subsection n. of this section;
  - (b) between law enforcement officers;

- (c) between collectors of firearms or ammunition as curios or relics as defined in Title 18, U.S.C. section 921 (a) (13) who have in their possession a valid Collector of Curios and Relics License issued by the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms, and Explosives; or
- 17 (d) a temporary transfer pursuant to section 1 of P.L.1992, c.74 (C.2C:58-3.1) or section 1 of P.L.1997, c.375 (C.2C:58-3.2).
  - (3) Prior to a transaction conducted pursuant to this subsection, the retail dealer shall complete a National Instant Criminal Background Check of the person acquiring the handgun. In addition:
  - (a) the retail dealer shall submit to the Superintendent of State Police, on a form approved by the superintendent, information identifying and confirming the background check;
- 26 (b) every retail dealer shall maintain a record of transactions 27 conducted pursuant to this subsection, which shall be maintained at 28 the address displayed on the retail dealer's license for inspection by 29 a law enforcement officer during reasonable hours;
  - (c) a retail dealer may charge a fee for a transaction conducted pursuant to this subsection; and
  - (d) any record produced pursuant to this subsection shall not be considered a public record pursuant to P.L.1963, c.73 (C.47:1A-1 et seq.) or P.L.2001, c.404 (C.47:1A-5 et al.).
    - b. Firearms purchaser identification card.
  - (1) No person shall sell, give, transfer, assign or otherwise dispose of nor receive, purchase or otherwise acquire an antique cannon or a rifle or shotgun, other than an antique rifle or shotgun, unless the purchaser, assignee, donee, receiver or holder is licensed as a dealer under this chapter or possesses a valid firearms

- 1 (4) of subsection a. of N.J.S.2C:58-2, or, in the case of a person 2 who is not a dealer, it may be filed with the chief of police of the 3 municipality in which he resides or with the superintendent.
  - (2) A person who is not a licensed retail dealer and sells, gives, transfers, assigns, or otherwise disposes of, or receives, purchases or otherwise acquires an antique cannon or a rifle or shotgun pursuant to this section shall conduct the transaction through a licensed retail dealer.

9 The provisions of this paragraph shall not apply if the transaction 10 is:

- (a) between members of an immediate family as defined in subsection n. of this section;
  - (b) between law enforcement officers;

- (c) between collectors of firearms or ammunition as curios or relics as defined in Title 18, U.S.C. section 921 (a) (13) who have in their possession a valid Collector of Curios and Relics License issued by the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms, and Explosives; or
- (d) a temporary transfer pursuant to section 1 of P.L.1992, c.74 (C.2C:58-3.1) and section 1 of P.L.1997, c.375 (C.2C:58-3.2).
  - (3) Prior to a transaction conducted pursuant to this subsection, the retail dealer shall complete a National Instant Criminal Background Check of the person acquiring an antique cannon or a rifle or shotgun. In addition:
  - (a) the retail dealer shall submit to the Superintendent of State Police, on a form approved by the superintendent, information identifying and confirming the background check;
  - (b) every retail dealer shall maintain a record of transactions conducted pursuant to this section which shall be maintained at the address set forth on the retail dealer's license for inspection by a law enforcement officer during reasonable hours;
  - (c) a retail dealer may charge a fee for a transaction conducted pursuant to this subsection; and
  - (d) any record produced pursuant to this subsection shall not be considered a public record pursuant to P.L.1963, c.73 (C.47:1A-1 et seq.) or P.L.2001, c.404 (C.47:1A-5 et al.).
  - c. Who may obtain. No person of good character and good repute in the community in which he lives, and who is not subject to any of the disabilities set forth in this section or other sections of this chapter, shall be denied a permit to purchase a handgun or a fine transfer and expenses a purchase relation and expenses to the section and expenses the section and the section and expenses the section and the section are section as the section and the section and the section are section as the section are section are section as the section are section as the section ar

(2) To any drug-dependent person as defined in section 2 of P.L.1970, c.226 (C.24:21-2), to any person who is confined for a mental disorder to a hospital, mental institution or sanitarium, or to any person who is presently an habitual drunkard;

- (3) To any person who suffers from a physical defect or disease which would make it unsafe for him to handle firearms, to any person who has ever been confined for a mental disorder, or to any alcoholic unless any of the foregoing persons produces a certificate of a medical doctor or psychiatrist licensed in New Jersey, or other satisfactory proof, that he is no longer suffering from that particular disability in a manner that would interfere with or handicap him in the handling of firearms; to any person who knowingly falsifies any information on the application form for a handgun purchase permit or firearms purchaser identification card;
- (4) To any person under the age of 18 years for a firearms purchaser identification card and to any person under the age of 21 years for a permit to purchase a handgun;
- (5) To any person where the issuance would not be in the interest of the public health, safety or welfare;
- (6) To any person who is subject to a restraining order issued pursuant to the "Prevention of Domestic Violence Act of 1991", P.L.1991, c.261 (C.2C:25-17 et seq.) prohibiting the person from possessing any firearm;
- (7) To any person who as a juvenile was adjudicated delinquent for an offense which, if committed by an adult, would constitute a crime and the offense involved the unlawful use or possession of a weapon, explosive or destructive device or is enumerated in subsection d. of section 2 of P.L.1997, c.117 (C.2C:43-7.2);
- (8) To any person whose firearm is seized pursuant to the "Prevention of Domestic Violence Act of 1991", P.L.1991, c.261 (C.2C:25-17 et seq.) and whose firearm has not been returned; or
- (9) To any person named on the consolidated Terrorist Watchlist maintained by the Terrorist Screening Center administered by the Federal Bureau of Investigation;
- (10) To any person who is subject to a court order prohibiting the custody, control, ownership, purchase, possession, or receipt of a firearm or ammunition issued pursuant to the "Extreme Risk Protective Order Act of 2018", P.L.2018, c.35 (C.2C:58-20 et al.); or
- 40 (11) To any person who is subject to a court order prohibiting the

section a permit to purchase a handgun or a firearms purchaser identification card.

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Any person aggrieved by the denial of a permit or identification card may request a hearing in the Superior Court of the county in which he resides if he is a resident of New Jersey or in the Superior Court of the county in which his application was filed if he is a nonresident. The request for a hearing shall be made in writing within 30 days of the denial of the application for a permit or identification card. The applicant shall serve a copy of his request for a hearing upon the chief of police of the municipality in which he resides, if he is a resident of New Jersey, and upon the superintendent in all cases. The hearing shall be held and a record made thereof within 30 days of the receipt of the application for a hearing by the judge of the Superior Court. No formal pleading and no filing fee shall be required as a preliminary to a hearing. Appeals from the results of a hearing shall be in accordance with law.

18 e. Applications. Applications for permits to purchase a 19 handgun and for firearms purchaser identification cards shall be in 20 the form prescribed by the superintendent and shall set forth the 21 name, residence, place of business, age, date of birth, occupation, 22 sex and physical description, including distinguishing physical 23 characteristics, if any, of the applicant, and shall state whether the 24 applicant is a citizen, whether he is an alcoholic, habitual drunkard, 25 drug-dependent person as defined in section 2 of P.L.1970, c.226 26 (C.24:21-2), whether he has ever been confined or committed to a 27 mental institution or hospital for treatment or observation of a 28 mental or psychiatric condition on a temporary, interim or 29 permanent basis, giving the name and location of the institution or 30 hospital and the dates of confinement or commitment, whether he 31 has been attended, treated or observed by any doctor or psychiatrist 32 or at any hospital or mental institution on an inpatient or outpatient 33 basis for any mental or psychiatric condition, giving the name and 34 location of the doctor, psychiatrist, hospital or institution and the 35 dates of the occurrence, whether he presently or ever has been a 36 member of any organization which advocates or approves the 37 commission of acts of force and violence to overthrow the 38 Government of the United States or of this State, or which seeks to 39 deny others their rights under the Constitution of either the United States or the State of New Jersey, whether he has ever been 40

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14 et al.) prohibiting the person from possessing any firearm, and other information as the superintendent shall deem necessary for the proper enforcement of this chapter. For the purpose of complying with this subsection, the applicant shall waive any statutory or other right of confidentiality relating to institutional confinement. The application shall be signed by the applicant and shall contain as references the names and addresses of two reputable citizens personally acquainted with him.

Application blanks shall be obtainable from the superintendent, from any other officer authorized to grant a permit or identification card, and from licensed retail dealers, or shall be made available through an online process established or made available by the superintendent.

The chief police officer or the superintendent shall obtain the fingerprints of the applicant and shall have them compared with any and all records of fingerprints in the municipality and county in which the applicant resides and also the records of the State Bureau of Identification and the Federal Bureau of Investigation, provided that an applicant for a handgun purchase permit who possesses a valid firearms purchaser identification card, or who has previously obtained a handgun purchase permit from the same licensing authority for which he was previously fingerprinted, and who provides other reasonably satisfactory proof of his identity, need not be fingerprinted again; however, the chief police officer or the superintendent shall proceed to investigate the application to determine whether or not the applicant has become subject to any of the disabilities set forth in this chapter.

f. Granting of permit or identification card; fee; term; renewal; revocation. The application for the permit to purchase a handgun together with a fee of \$2, or the application for the firearms purchaser identification card together with a fee of \$5, shall be delivered or forwarded to the licensing authority who shall investigate the same and, unless good cause for the denial thereof appears, shall grant the permit or the identification card, or both, if application has been made therefor, within 30 days from the date of receipt of the application for residents of this State and within 45 days for nonresident applicants. A permit to purchase a handgun shall be valid for a period of 90 days from the date of issuance and may be renewed by the issuing authority for good cause for an additional 90 days. A firearms purchaser identification card shall havelid and time as the halden becames subject to any of the

- 1 of the county wherein the card was issued, after hearing upon 2 notice, upon a finding that the holder thereof no longer qualifies for 3 the issuance of the permit. The county prosecutor of any county, 4 the chief police officer of any municipality or any citizen may apply
- 5 to the court at any time for the revocation of the card.

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- There shall be no conditions or requirements added to the form or content of the application, or required by the licensing authority for the issuance of a permit or identification card, other than those that are specifically set forth in this chapter.
- Disposition of fees. All fees for permits shall be paid to the State Treasury if the permit is issued by the superintendent, to the municipality if issued by the chief of police, and to the county treasurer if issued by the judge of the Superior Court.
  - h. Form of permit; quadruplicate; disposition of copies.
- The (1) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (2) of this subsection, the permit shall be in the form prescribed by the superintendent and shall be issued to the applicant in quadruplicate. Prior to the time he receives the handgun from the seller, the applicant shall deliver to the seller the permit in quadruplicate and the seller shall complete all of the information required on the form. Within five days of the date of the sale, the seller shall forward the original copy to the superintendent and the second copy to the chief of police of the municipality in which the purchaser resides, except that in a municipality having no chief of police, the copy shall be forwarded to the superintendent. The third copy shall then be returned to the purchaser with the pistol or revolver and the fourth copy shall be kept by the seller as a permanent record.
  - (2) The requirements of this subsection concerning the delivery and form of permit and disposition of copies shall not be applicable when these functions may be completed by utilizing an electronic system as described in paragraph (2) of subsection b. of N.J.S.2C:58-2 or section 5 of P.L. , c. (C. ) (pending before
- 33 the Legislature as this bill).
  - Restriction on number of firearms person may purchase. Only one handgun shall be purchased or delivered on each permit and no more than one handgun shall be purchased within any 30day period, but this limitation shall not apply to:
  - (1) a federal, State, or local law enforcement officer or agency purchasing handguns for use by officers in the actual performance of their law enforcement duties;

(5) any transaction where the person has purchased a handgun from a licensed retail dealer and has returned that handgun to the dealer in exchange for another handgun within 30 days of the original transaction, provided the retail dealer reports the exchange transaction to the superintendent; or

(6) any transaction where the superintendent issues an exemption from the prohibition in this subsection pursuant to the provisions of section 4 of P.L.2009, c.186 (C.2C:58-3.4).

The provisions of this subsection shall not be construed to afford or authorize any other exemption from the regulatory provisions governing firearms set forth in chapter 39 and chapter 58 of Title 2C of the New Jersey Statutes;

A person shall not be restricted as to the number of rifles or shotguns he may purchase, provided he possesses a valid firearms purchaser identification card and provided further that he signs the certification required in subsection b. of this section for each transaction.

- Firearms passing to heirs or legatees. Notwithstanding any other provision of this section concerning the transfer, receipt or acquisition of a firearm, a permit to purchase or a firearms purchaser identification card shall not be required for the passing of a firearm upon the death of an owner thereof to his heir or legatee, whether the same be by testamentary bequest or by the laws of intestacy. The person who shall so receive, or acquire the firearm shall, however, be subject to all other provisions of this chapter. If the heir or legatee of the firearm does not qualify to possess or carry it, he may retain ownership of the firearm for the purpose of sale for a period not exceeding 180 days, or for a further limited period as may be approved by the chief law enforcement officer of the municipality in which the heir or legatee resides or the superintendent, provided that the firearm is in the custody of the chief law enforcement officer of the municipality or the superintendent during that period.
  - k. Sawed-off shotguns. Nothing in this section shall be construed to authorize the purchase or possession of any sawed-off shotgun.
- 1. Nothing in this section and in N.J.S.2C:58-2 shall apply to the sale or purchase of a visual distress signalling device approved by the United States Coast Guard, solely for possession on a private or commercial aircraft or any boat; provided, however, that no

directly from a manufacturer or from a licensed dealer located in this State or any other state.

- n. For the purposes of this section, "immediate family" means a spouse, domestic partner as defined in section 3 of P.L.2003, c.246 (C.26:8A-3), partner in a civil union couple as defined in section 2
- of P.L.2006, c.103 (C.37:1-29), parent, stepparent, grandparent,
- 7 sibling, stepsibling, child, stepchild, and grandchild, as related by
- 8 blood or by law.<sup>1</sup>
- 9 (cf: P.L.2021, c.327, s.6)

- 11 4. Section 1 of P.L.2007, c.318 (C.2C:58-3.3) is amended to 12 read as follows:
- 13 1. a. As used in this act [, "handgun]:
- "Ammunition" means an object consisting of all of the following
  components: a fixed metallic or nonmetallic hull casing containing
  a primer; one or more projectiles, one or more bullets, or shot; and
  gunpowder. All of the specified components shall be present for an
  object to be ammunition. As used in this section, ammunition shall
- not include, without limitation, blank ammunition, air gun pellets,
- 20 flare gun ammunition, nail gun ammunition, paint ball ammunition,
- 21 <u>or any non-fixed ammunition.</u>
- 22 "Handgun ammunition" means ammunition [specifically]
- designed [to] such that it may be used [only] in a handgun,
- 24 <u>including ammunition specifically designed to be used only in a</u>
- 25 <u>handgun</u>, as well as ammunition intended for use in any other
- 26 firearm and which may be interchangeable between rifles and
- 27 <u>handguns</u>. "Handgun ammunition" shall not include **[**blank
- 28 ammunition, air gun pellets, flare gun ammunition, nail gun
- ammunition, paint ball ammunition, or any non-fixed ammunition
- 30 specifically designed to be used only in a rifle or shotgun.
- b. [No] A person shall <u>not</u> sell, give, transfer, assign or otherwise dispose of, or receive, purchase, or otherwise acquire
- otherwise dispose of, or receive, purchase, or otherwise acquire handgun ammunition unless the purchaser, assignee, donee, receiver
- or holder is licensed as a manufacturer, wholesaler, or dealer under
- 35 this chapter or is the holder of and possesses a valid firearms
- purchaser identification card, a valid copy of a permit to purchase a
- handgun, or a valid permit to carry a handgun and first exhibits
- Isuch the card or permit to the seller, donor, transferor, or assignor
- along with a valid, current driver's license; valid, current nondriver identification card; or other valid current government-issued form

which is recognized as being historical in nature or of historical significance.

- e. A person who violates this section shall be guilty of a crime of the fourth degree, except that nothing contained herein shall be construed to prohibit the sale, transfer, assignment or disposition of handgun ammunition to or the purchase, receipt or acceptance of ammunition by a law enforcement agency or law enforcement official for law enforcement purposes.
- f. Nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit the transfer of ammunition for use in a lawfully transferred firearm in accordance with the provisions of section 1 of P.L.1992, c.74 (C.2C:58-3.1), section 1 of P.L.1997, c.375 (C.2C:58-3.2) or section 14 of P.L.1979, c.179 (C.2C:58-6.1).
- g. Nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit the sale of a de minimis amount of handgun ammunition at a firearms range operated by a licensed dealer; a law enforcement agency; a legally recognized military organization; or a rifle or pistol club which has filed a copy of its charter with the superintendent for immediate use at that range.

20 (cf: P.L.2007, c.318, s.1)

- 5. (New section) a. (1) The Superintendent of State Police shall develop a program for retail dealers of handgun ammunition to electronically report a record of any transaction involving the sale, transfer, assignment, or disposition of handgun ammunition and information relating to each transaction. The reported information shall include: the date of the transaction; the name of the manufacturer, the caliber or gauge, and the quantity of ammunition sold or transferred; the name, address, and date of birth of the purchaser; the identification used to establish the identity of the purchaser; and any other information the superintendent may require.
- (2) Subject to the time limitations established in paragraph (2) of subsection c. of <sup>1</sup>[section 2 of P.L. , c. (C. ) (pending before the Legislature as this bill) N.J.S.2C:58-2<sup>1</sup>, every retail dealer of ammunition as defined in section 1 of P.L.2007, c.318 (C.2C:58-3.3) shall electronically report to the superintendent a record of any transaction involving the sale, transfer, assignment, or disposition of handgun ammunition by utilizing the program developed pursuant to this subsection.

- <sup>2</sup>[b. (1) The superintendent shall develop a program for retail dealers to electronically report a record of any transaction involving the sale, transfer, assignment, or disposition of a firearm and information relating to each transaction.
- (2) Within a timeframe as determined by the superintendent, every retail dealer of firearms shall electronically report to the superintendent a record of any transaction involving the sale, transfer, assignment, or disposition of a firearm by utilizing the program developed pursuant to this subsection.
- c.] b.² The superintendent shall establish a searchable, electronic database containing the information reported pursuant <sup>2</sup>[subsections] to subsection<sup>2</sup> a. <sup>2</sup>[and b.]<sup>2</sup> of this section, which shall be available to law enforcement officers. <sup>1</sup>The Attorney General shall have access to the information stored in the database which shall be used for law enforcement purposes. <sup>1</sup> The superintendent also shall establish security procedures to protect the confidentiality of the information contained in the database, which shall prevent access to the information by any person or entity that is not lawfully entitled to it.
  - <sup>2</sup>[d.] c.<sup>2</sup> The superintendent shall develop an Internet-based or other electronic system to process or facilitate the processing of any or all of the following: application for and issuance of firearms purchaser identification cards, permits to purchase a handgun, or other permits authorized under this chapter.
  - **2**[e.] <u>d.</u><sup>2</sup> Any record reported or produced pursuant to this section shall not be considered a public record or government record pursuant to P.L.1963, c.73 (C.47:1A-1 et seq.) or P.L.2001, c.404 (C.47:1A-5 et al.).

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6. This act shall take effect <sup>1</sup> [immediately] on the first day of the seventh month next following the date of enactment, except the Attorney General may take such anticipatory administrative action in advance as shall be necessary for the implementation of this act<sup>1</sup>.

## [First Reprint]

## ASSEMBLY, No. 1765

# STATE OF NEW JERSEY

## 220th LEGISLATURE

PRE-FILED FOR INTRODUCTION IN THE 2022 SESSION

#### Sponsored by:

Assemblyman JOHN F. MCKEON
District 27 (Essex and Morris)
Assemblyman REGINALD W. ATKINS
District 20 (Union)
Assemblywoman MILA M. JASEY
District 27 (Essex and Morris)
Senator M. TERESA RUIZ
District 29 (Essex)
Senator NELLIE POU
District 35 (Bergen and Passaic)

#### **Co-Sponsored by:**

Assemblywomen Reynolds-Jackson, Chaparro, Assemblymen Spearman, Wimberly, Stanley, Moen, Moriarty, Assemblywomen Jimenez, Tucker, Park, Quijano and Senator Gill

#### **SYNOPSIS**

Allows Attorney General to bring cause of action for certain public nuisance violations arising from sale or marketing of firearms.

#### **CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT**

As reported by the Assembly Judiciary Committee on June 23, 2022, with amendments.

#### A1765 [1R] MCKEON, ATKINS

1 AN ACT concerning public safety and supplementing Title 2C of the New Jersey Statutes.

**BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

- 1. a. In cases involving the common law tort of public nuisance, New Jersey courts have issued decisions which have limited the ability of public officials to pursue civil actions for abatement, damages, and other relief from the negligent, reckless and, in some cases, illegal conduct of bad actors in the gun industry, whose misconduct results in harm to the public and fuels the epidemic of gun violence in New Jersey and across the nation. Since the passage of Protection of Lawful Commerce in Arms Act (PLCAA), federal law has created an additional barrier to this relief and shielded <sup>1</sup>[the firearm] gun industry members from being held accountable for misconduct.
- b. The practical result of those decisions is that the people of New Jersey have been deprived in many cases of adequate protection from and appropriate redress for injuries to public health and safety resulting from gun violence.
- c. With respect to gun violence, the unavailability of a robust public nuisance statute has limited the State's ability to seek legal redress in situations where firearms manufacturers and retail dealers may have knowingly or recklessly taken actions that have endangered the safety and health of New Jersey residents through the sale, manufacture, distribution, and marketing of lethal, but nonetheless legal, '[firearms] gun-related products¹. Even as manufacturers have incorporated features and technology resulting in more deadly and destructive firearms, some actors in the '[firearm] gun¹ industry have implemented sales, distribution and marketing practices that have contributed to the development of an illegal secondary market for these increasingly dangerous instrumentalities.
- d. Therefore, it is necessary and proper to promote and protect the health, safety, and welfare of the people of New Jersey by <sup>1</sup>requiring gun industry members to establish and implement reasonable procedures, safeguards, and business practices for the sale, manufacture, distribution, importing, and marketing of gunrelated products and <sup>1</sup> establishing a statutory cause of action for

#### 2. As used in this act:

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- 2 "Gun industry member" means a person <sup>1</sup>[, firm, corporation, 3 company, partnership, society, joint stock company, or any other entity or association 1 engaged in the sale, manufacturing, 4 5 distribution, importing or marketing of <sup>1</sup>[firearms, ammunition, 6 ammunition magazines, or firearm accessories <u>1</u> a gun-related 7 product, and any officer, agent, employee, or other person 8 authorized to act on behalf of that person or who acts in active 9 concert or participation with one or more such persons.
- 10 "Gun-related product" means any firearm, ammunition, 11 ammunition magazine, firearm component or part including, but not 12 limited to, a firearm frame and a firearm receiver, or firearm 13 accessory, which product was, or was intended to be, sold, 14 manufactured, distributed, imported, or marketed in this State, or 15 which product was possessed in this State and as to which it was 16 reasonably foreseeable that the product would be possessed or used 17 in this State.
  - "Person" means any natural person, firm, corporation, company, partnership, society, joint stock company, or any other entity or association<sup>1</sup>.
    - "Public Nuisance" means any condition which injures, endangers, or threatens to injure or endanger or contributes to the injury or endangerment of the health, safety, peace, comfort, or convenience of others <sup>1</sup>or which otherwise constitutes a public nuisance under common law <sup>1</sup>.
- <sup>1</sup>["Qualified product" shall have the same meaning as defined in 15 USC §7903(4)]
- 28 <u>"Reasonable controls" means reasonable procedures, safeguards,</u>
   29 <u>and business practices that are designed to:</u>
  - (1) prevent the sale or distribution of a gun-related product to a straw purchaser, a firearm trafficker, a person prohibited from possessing a firearm under State or federal law, or a person who the gun industry member has reasonable cause to believe is at substantial risk of using a gun-related product to harm themselves or unlawfully harm another or of unlawfully possessing or using a gun-related product;
- (2) prevent the loss of a gun-related product or theft of a gun related product from a gun industry member;
- 39 (3) ensure that a gun industry member complies with all 40 provisions of State and federal law and does not otherwise promote.

violation of P.L.1960, c.39 (C.56:8-2) or any regulations promulgated thereunder.

"Straw purchaser" means an individual who purchases, or attempts or conspires to purchase, a gun-related product at the request, order, or demand of another or for the purpose of selling or transferring to another person, knowing or reasonably believing that such other person is not authorized to either purchase or possess a gun-related product, or both, by the laws of this State, the United States, or of the state in which the other person resides by virtue of having a conviction of a crime, or for any other reason.

- 3. a. <sup>1</sup>(1)<sup>1</sup> A gun industry member shall not, by conduct either unlawful in itself or unreasonable under all the circumstances, knowingly or recklessly create, maintain, or contribute to a public nuisance in this State through the sale, manufacturing, <sup>1</sup>distribution, <sup>1</sup> importing, or marketing of a <sup>1</sup>[qualified] gunrelated <sup>1</sup> product.
- <sup>1</sup>(2) A gun industry member shall establish, implement, and enforce reasonable controls regarding its manufacture, sale, distribution, importing, and marketing of gun-related products.
- (3) It shall be a public nuisance to engage in conduct that violates paragraphs (1) or (2) of this subsection.
  - b. Whenever it appears to the Attorney General that a gun industry member has engaged in or is engaging in conduct that violates subsection a. of this section, the Attorney General may commence an action to seek and obtain: an injunction prohibiting the gun industry member from continuing that conduct or engaging therein or doing any acts in furtherance thereof; an order providing for abatement of the nuisance at the expense of the defendant; restitution; damages; reasonable attorneys' fees, filing fees, and reasonable costs of suit; and any other appropriate relief.
  - c. To prevail in an action under this section, the Attorney General shall not be required to demonstrate that the gun industry member acted with the purpose to engage in any public nuisance or otherwise cause harm to the public. The Attorney General shall not be required to demonstrate any special injury to be granted the relief authorized by this section.
  - d. When it appears to the Attorney General that a gun industry member has engaged in, is engaging in, or is about to engage in conduct that violates subsection a. of this section, or when the

facts and circumstances concerning conduct, and other data and information as the Attorney General deems necessary;

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- (2) examine under oath any gun industry member <sup>1</sup>or any other person <sup>1</sup> concerning the act or omission;
  - (3) examine any record, object, book, document, account, or paper as the Attorney General deems necessary; and
  - (4) pursuant to an order of the Superior Court, impound and retain in the Attorney General's possession any record, book, document, account, object, or paper that is produced in accordance with this act until the completion of all proceedings in connection with impounded items.
  - e. <sup>1</sup>[The] To the extent causation is applicable, the <sup>1</sup> conduct of a gun industry member shall be deemed to constitute a proximate cause of the public nuisance if the harm to the public was a reasonably foreseeable effect of such conduct, notwithstanding any intervening actions, including but not limited to criminal actions by third parties.
- <sup>1</sup>The Attorney General may establish or designate within the 18 19 Department of Law and Public Safety a unit, bureau, office or 20 division to exercise all functions, powers, and duties of the Attorney 21 General established under or deriving from P.L. , c. (C. 22 (pending before the Legislature as this bill) and which may perform 23 such other functions, powers, and duties vested in the Department 24 of Law and Public Safety as the Attorney General may deem appropriate. 25
- 26 g. 1 Nothing in P.L., c. (C. ) (pending before the 27 Legislature as this bill) shall be construed to deny, abrogate, or 28 impair any statutory or common law right, remedy, or prohibition 29 otherwise available to any party, including the Attorney General.
  - 4. The provisions of P.L.1987, c.197 (C.2A:58C-1 et seq.) shall not apply to any public nuisance action brought by the Attorney General pursuant to section 3 of P.L. , c. (C. ) (pending before the Legislature as this bill).
  - 5. This act shall take effect immediately and shall apply to all actions instituted on or after the effective date of this act, and to all proceedings taken subsequent to the effective date of this act in all actions pending on the act's effective date, except that judgments entered or awards made pursuant to law from which no appeal is

## [First Reprint]

## ASSEMBLY, No. 4368

# STATE OF NEW JERSEY

## 220th LEGISLATURE

**INTRODUCED JUNE 20, 2022** 

#### Sponsored by:

Assemblyman LOUIS D. GREENWALD
District 6 (Burlington and Camden)
Assemblyman JOHN F. MCKEON
District 27 (Essex and Morris)
Assemblywoman MILA M. JASEY
District 27 (Essex and Morris)
Senator RICHARD J. CODEY
District 27 (Essex and Morris)
Senator NELLIE POU
District 35 (Bergen and Passaic)

#### Co-Sponsored by:

Assemblywomen Speight, Park, Assemblyman Stanley, Assemblywomen Tucker, Swain, Assemblymen Tully, Conaway and Senator Gill

#### **SYNOPSIS**

Requires firearm retailers to sell microstamping-enabled firearms upon determination of availability by AG.

#### **CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT**

As reported by the Assembly Judiciary Committee on June 23, 2022, with amendments.

1 concerning microstamping-enabled firearms, 2 supplementing Title 2C of the New Jersey Statutes and Title 52 3 of the Revised Statutes. 4 5 **BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State 6 of New Jersey: 7 8 1. a. As used in P.L. (C. ) (pending before the , c. 9 Legislature as this bill): 10 "Microstamp" means a unique alphanumeric or geometric code that identifies the make, model, and serial number of a firearm. 11 12 "Microstamp roster" means the roster of firearms that have been 13 designated as microstamping-enabled firearms, pursuant to section 14 2 of P.L. (C. ) (pending before the Legislature as this , c. 15 bill). 16 "Microstamping component" means a component of a firearm 17 that will produce a microstamp on at least one location of the 18 expended cartridge case each time the firearm is fired. 19 "Microstamping-enabled firearm" means a firearm that contains 20 a microstamping component. 21 b. (1) Within 180 days of the date of enactment of 22 P.L. , c. (C. ) (pending before the Legislature as this bill), 23 the Attorney General or a designee shall: establish performance 24 standards and qualifying criteria for determining whether a firearm 25 constitutes a microstamping-enabled firearm; establish a process by 26 which to determine whether a firearm constitutes a microstamping-27 enabled firearm; and complete the investigation required pursuant 28 to paragraph (2) of this subsection. 29 (2) Based on the standards, criteria, and process established 30 pursuant to paragraph (1) of this subsection, the Attorney General 31 shall complete an investigation concerning the technological 32 viability of microstamping-enabled firearms. The investigation shall 33 include, but need not be limited to, live-fire testing evidence. At the 34 conclusion of the investigation, the Attorney General shall certify 35 whether viable microstamping-enabled technology exists. If the 36 Attorney General certifies that the technology does not exist, the 37 microstamping examiner designated pursuant to subsection c. of

recommendations to the Attorney General until such time as the Attorney General certifies that microstamping-enabled firearms are

this section shall examine firearms submitted pursuant to subsection

e. of this section and make technological viability certification

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submitted pursuant to subsection e. of this section in a manner proscribed by the Attorney General and shall:

- (1) make microstamping-enabled technology viability recommendations, pursuant to subsection b. of this section;
- (2) following certification by the Attorney General that microstamping-enabled firearms are technologically viable, determine whether a firearm meets the performance standards and qualifying criteria established by the Attorney General to be designated as a microstamping-enabled firearm.
- d. Upon designation of the first microstamping-enabled firearm, the examiner shall create a microstamp roster, which shall include each firearm so designated. The roster shall be updated as necessary and shall be published on a website maintained by the New Jersey State Police. A copy of the roster shall be made available every six months to licensed retail firearms dealers in this State.
  - e. Any person seeking to include a firearm on the microstamping roster may apply to the microstamping examiner for a determination of whether the make and model of firearm proposed by the applicant may be designated as a microstamping-enabled firearm.
    - f. If one or more firearms are included on the microstamp roster, the Attorney General shall determine the commercial availability of microstamping-enabled firearms. Upon certification that microstamping-enabled firearms are commercially available, each licensed retail dealer of firearms shall:
    - (1) make available for purchase at least one firearm included on the roster and display the firearm in a conspicuous manner that makes it easily visible to customers and distinguishable from traditional firearms;
    - (2) post in one or more locations in the licensed retail dealer's place or places of business in a conspicuous manner that makes them easily visible and accessible to customers:
    - (a) copies of the microstamp roster; and
    - (b) a sign that includes a clear and conspicuous statement disclosing the features of microstamping-enabled firearms that are not offered by traditional firearms and advising customers that such firearms may be purchased through the licensed retail dealer;
    - (3) accept and process orders to enable customers to purchase through the licensed retail dealer any firearms included on the microstamp roster;

#### A4368 [1R] GREENWALD, MCKEON

- 1 (a) place an order for at least one firearm on the microstamp 2 roster within 21 days of the sale of the last firearm on the 3 microstamp roster;
  - (b) maintain written records of the licensed retail dealer's efforts to place an order and maintain those records on the premises and allow them to be open for inspection at all times; and
  - (c) post a sign on the premises indicating that microstampingenabled firearms are sold routinely on the licensed retail dealer's premises and will soon be available for purchase.
  - g. If at least one firearm is listed on the microstamp roster, the Superintendent of State Police shall designate officers to inspect the microstamping-enabled firearm inventory and records of all licensed retail dealers of firearms to determine whether a licensed retail dealer is in compliance with the provisions of subsection f. of this section. The inspections shall be conducted at least once every two years at any time during the normal business hours of the licensed retail dealer's place of business.

- 2. a. A licensed retail dealer who violates section 1 of P.L., c. (C. ) (pending before the Legislature as this bill) shall be subject to the following penalties:
  - (1) for a first offense, a fine of up to \$500;
- 23 (2) for a second offense, a fine of up to \$1,000; or
  - (3) for a third or subsequent offense, a six-month license suspension following notice to the licensed retail dealer and opportunity to be heard.
  - b. Any person who, without license or privilege to do so, willfully removes, damages, alters, or otherwise tampers with a microstamping enabled firearm to prevent or alter the production of a microstamp shall be guilty of a third degree crime.

For the purposes of this subsection, tampering with a microstamping component shall not include: replacing a firing pin when the pin is damaged or otherwise in need of replacement for the safe use of the firearm; or replacing a firing pin for a legitimate sporting purpose, provided that the firearm remains a microstamping-enabled firearm.

13. a. A person who purchases a microstamping-enabled firearm
pursuant to section 1 of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the
Legislature as this bill) from a licensed retail dealer shall be eligible
for an instant rebate of 10 percent of the purchase price up to a

#### A4368 [1R] GREENWALD, MCKEON

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Administrative Procedure Act, P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.), to effectuate the purposes of this section.

3 In addition, the superintendent shall prepare and deliver to each 4 licensed retail dealer in the State the forms necessary to record and 5 report participation in the rebate program established in this section. 6 The form shall be in duplicate and set forth: the name, address, 7 telephone number, State tax number, and State license number of 8 the licensed retail dealer; the name of the purchaser and the 9 purchaser's firearms purchaser identification card number or permit 10 to purchase a handgun number; the make and model number of the 11 microstamping-enabled firearm purchased; and the date of sale. 12 One copy shall be retained by the retail dealer for the retail dealer's 13 records. The other shall be submitted to the Attorney General for 14 reimbursement. The reimbursement copies shall be submitted 15 monthly at a time prescribed by the superintendent. The submitting 16 retail dealer shall be entitled to a reimbursement of 10 percent of 17 the purchase price of the microstamping-enabled firearm up to a 18 maximum of \$30 as part of the rebate program. To help defray any 19 administrative costs, each participating retail dealer shall receive, in

maximum of \$30 as part of the rebate program. To help defray any administrative costs, each participating retail dealer shall receive, in addition to the reimbursement, \$0.50 for each valid reimbursement copy submitted.

The superintendent also shall provide each licensed retail dealer with a sign to be prominently displayed at a conspicuous place on the dealer's business premises where firearms are offered for sale. The sign shall state substantially the following:

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"MICROSTAMPING-ENABLED FIREARMS REBATE
 PROGRAM. TO ENCOURAGE NEW JERSEY GUN OWNERS
 TO PURCHASE MICROSTAMPING-ENABLED FIREARMS,
 THE STATE IS OFFERING AN INSTANT REBATE WHEN
 YOU PURCHASE A MICROSTAMPING-ENABLED FIREARM.
 THE REBATE AMOUNT IS 10 PERCENT OF THE PURCHASE

PRICE UP TO A MAXIMUM OF \$30."1

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<sup>1</sup>[3.] <u>4.</u><sup>1</sup> a. There is created in the Department of the Treasury a nonlapsing fund entitled the "Microstamp Fund." The fund shall be the depository for any State appropriations or other monies provided for the purchase of microstamping-enabled firearms by law enforcement agencies. The fund shall be administered by the State Treasurer.

b. Funds within the Microstamp Fund may be used to purchase

## **A4368** [1R] GREENWALD, MCKEON 6

1	include information on the intended use and estimated cost of the
2	firearms request. The Attorney General or a designee shall select
3	grant recipients. Any funds awarded shall be used within one year
4	of receipt or the funds shall be returned.

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<sup>1</sup>[4.] <u>5.</u> This act shall take effect immediately.

## [First Reprint]

## ASSEMBLY, No. 4370

# STATE OF NEW JERSEY 220th LEGISLATURE

**INTRODUCED JUNE 20, 2022** 

#### Sponsored by:

Assemblywoman VERLINA REYNOLDS-JACKSON
District 15 (Hunterdon and Mercer)
Assemblyman LOUIS D. GREENWALD
District 6 (Burlington and Camden)
Assemblyman BENJIE E. WIMBERLY
District 35 (Bergen and Passaic)
Senator RICHARD J. CODEY
District 27 (Essex and Morris)

#### Co-Sponsored by:

Assemblymen McKeon, Verrelli, Assemblywomen Jasey, Tucker, Assemblyman Stanley, Assemblywomen Park, McKnight, Lampitt, Timberlake, Swain, Assemblyman Tully, Senators Gill and Pou

#### **SYNOPSIS**

Requires training for issuance of firearms purchaser identification card and permit to purchase handgun under certain circumstances; provide firearms purchaser identification card include photograph and thumb print and remain valid for ten years.

#### **CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT**

As reported by the Assembly Appropriations Committee on June 23, 2022, with amendments.

AN ACT concerning firearms and amending N.J.S.2C:58-3.

**BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

- 1. N.J.S.2C:58-3 is amended to read as follows:
- 2C:58-3. a. Permit to purchase a handgun.
- (1) No person shall sell, give, transfer, assign or otherwise dispose of, nor receive, purchase, or otherwise acquire a handgun unless the purchaser, assignee, donee, receiver or holder is licensed as a dealer under this chapter or has first secured a permit to purchase a handgun as provided by this section.
- (2) A person who is not a licensed retail dealer and sells, gives, transfers, assigns, or otherwise disposes of, or receives, purchases or otherwise acquires a handgun pursuant to this section shall conduct the transaction through a licensed retail dealer.

The provisions of this paragraph shall not apply if the transaction is:

- (a) between members of an immediate family as defined in subsection n. of this section;
  - (b) between law enforcement officers;
- (c) between collectors of firearms or ammunition as curios or relics as defined in Title 18, U.S.C. section 921 (a) (13) who have in their possession a valid Collector of Curios and Relics License issued by the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms, and Explosives; or
- (d) a temporary transfer pursuant to section 1 of P.L.1992, c.74 (C.2C:58-3.1) or section 1 of P.L.1997, c.375 (C.2C:58-3.2).
- (3) Prior to a transaction conducted pursuant to this subsection, the retail dealer shall complete a National Instant Criminal Background Check of the person acquiring the handgun. In addition:
- (a) the retail dealer shall submit to the Superintendent of State Police, on a form approved by the superintendent, information identifying and confirming the background check;
- (b) every retail dealer shall maintain a record of transactions conducted pursuant to this subsection, which shall be maintained at the address displayed on the retail dealer's license for inspection by a law enforcement officer during reasonable hours;
- (c) a retail dealer may charge a fee for a transaction conducted pursuant to this subsection; and
- (d) any record produced pursuant to this subsection shall not be considered a public record pursuant to P.L.1963, c.73 (C.47:1A-1 et

- 1 rifle or shotgun, other than an antique rifle or shotgun, unless the
- 2 purchaser, assignee, donee, receiver or holder is licensed as a dealer
- 3 under this chapter or possesses a valid firearms purchaser
- 4 identification card, and first exhibits the card to the seller, donor,
- 5 transferor or assignor, and unless the purchaser, assignee, donee,
- 6 receiver or holder signs a written certification, on a form prescribed by
- 7 the superintendent, which shall indicate that he presently complies
- 8 with the requirements of subsection c. of this section and shall contain
- 9 his name, address and firearms purchaser identification card number or
- dealer's registration number. The certification shall be retained by the
- seller, as provided in paragraph (4) of subsection a. of N.J.S.2C:58-2,
- or, in the case of a person who is not a dealer, it may be filed with the
- 13 chief of police of the municipality in which he resides or with the
- 14 superintendent.
  - (2) A person who is not a licensed retail dealer and sells, gives, transfers, assigns, or otherwise disposes of, or receives, purchases or otherwise acquires an antique cannon or a rifle or shotgun pursuant to this section shall conduct the transaction through a licensed retail
- 19 dealer.

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- The provisions of this paragraph shall not apply if the transaction is:
  - (a) between members of an immediate family as defined in subsection n. of this section;
    - (b) between law enforcement officers;
  - (c) between collectors of firearms or ammunition as curios or relics as defined in Title 18, U.S.C. section 921 (a) (13) who have in their possession a valid Collector of Curios and Relics License issued by the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms, and Explosives; or
  - (d) a temporary transfer pursuant to section 1 of P.L.1992, c.74 (C.2C:58-3.1) and section 1 of P.L.1997, c.375 (C.2C:58-3.2).
    - (3) Prior to a transaction conducted pursuant to this subsection, the retail dealer shall complete a National Instant Criminal Background Check of the person acquiring an antique cannon or a rifle or shotgun. In addition:
    - (a) the retail dealer shall submit to the Superintendent of State Police, on a form approved by the superintendent, information identifying and confirming the background check;
    - (b) every retail dealer shall maintain a record of transactions conducted pursuant to this section which shall be maintained at the address set forth on the retail dealer's license for inspection by a law enforcement officer during reasonable hours;

- 1 the disabilities set forth in this section or other sections of this chapter,
- 2 shall be denied a permit to purchase a handgun or a firearms purchaser
- 3 identification card, except as hereinafter set forth. No handgun
- 4 purchase permit or firearms purchaser identification card shall be
- 5 issued:

- (1) To any person who has been convicted of any crime, or a disorderly persons offense involving an act of domestic violence as defined in section 3 of P.L.1991, c.261 (C.2C:25-19), whether or not armed with or possessing a weapon at the time of the offense;
- (2) To any drug-dependent person as defined in section 2 of P.L.1970, c.226 (C.24:21-2), to any person who is confined for a mental disorder to a hospital, mental institution or sanitarium, or to any person who is presently an habitual drunkard;
- (3) To any person who suffers from a physical defect or disease which would make it unsafe for him to handle firearms, to any person who has ever been confined for a mental disorder, or to any alcoholic unless any of the foregoing persons produces a certificate of a medical doctor or psychiatrist licensed in New Jersey, or other satisfactory proof, that he is no longer suffering from that particular disability in a manner that would interfere with or handicap him in the handling of firearms; to any person who knowingly falsifies any information on the application form for a handgun purchase permit or firearms purchaser identification card;
- (4) To any person under the age of 18 years for a firearms purchaser identification card and to any person under the age of 21 years for a permit to purchase a handgun;
- (5) To any person where the issuance would not be in the interest of the public health, safety or welfare;
- (6) To any person who is subject to a restraining order issued pursuant to the "Prevention of Domestic Violence Act of 1991", P.L.1991, c.261 (C.2C:25-17 et seq.) prohibiting the person from possessing any firearm;
- (7) To any person who as a juvenile was adjudicated delinquent for an offense which, if committed by an adult, would constitute a crime and the offense involved the unlawful use or possession of a weapon, explosive or destructive device or is enumerated in subsection d. of section 2 of P.L.1997, c.117 (C.2C:43-7.2);
- (8) To any person whose firearm is seized pursuant to the "Prevention of Domestic Violence Act of 1991", P.L.1991, c.261 (C.2C:25-17 et seq.) and whose firearm has not been returned; or
  - (9) To any person named on the consolidated Terrorist Watchlist

1 (11) To any person who is subject to a court order prohibiting the 2 custody, control, ownership, purchase, possession, or receipt of a 3 firearm or ammunition issued pursuant to P.L.2021, c.327 (C.2C:12-14 4 et al.).

In order to obtain a permit to purchase a handgun or a firearms purchaser identification card, the applicant shall demonstrate that, within four years prior to the date of the application, the applicant satisfactorily completed a course of instruction approved by the superintendent in the lawful and safe handling and storage of firearms. The applicant shall be required to demonstrate completion of a course of instruction only once prior to obtaining either a firearms purchaser identification card or the applicant's first permit to purchase a handgun.

The applicant shall not be required to demonstrate completion of a course of instruction in order to obtain any subsequent permit to purchase a handgun <sup>1</sup> [or a firearms purchaser identification card] <sup>1</sup>, to replace an existing firearms purchaser identification card, or to renew a firearms purchaser identification card.

An applicant who is a law enforcement officer who has satisfied the requirements of subsection j. of N.J.S.2C:39-6, a retired law enforcement officer who has satisfied the requirements of subsection l. of N.J.S.2C:39-6, or a veteran who was honorably discharged as a member of the United States Armed Forces or National Guard who received substantially equivalent training shall not be required to complete the course of instruction required pursuant to the provisions of this subsection.

A person who obtained a permit to purchase a handgun or a firearms purchaser identification card prior to the effective date of P.L., c. (C. ) (pending before the Legislature as this bill) shall not be required to complete a course of instruction pursuant to this subsection.

d. Issuance. The chief of police of an organized full-time police department of the municipality where the applicant resides or the superintendent, in all other cases, shall upon application, issue to any person qualified under the provisions of subsection c. of this section a permit to purchase a handgun or a firearms purchaser identification card.

<sup>1</sup>A firearms purchaser identification card issued following the effective date of P.L., c. (C. ) (pending before the Legislature as this bill) shall display a color photograph and a thumb print of the card holder. A person who obtained a firearms purchaser identification card

#### A4370 [1R] REYNOLDS-JACKSON, GREENWALD

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Any person aggrieved by the denial of a permit or identification card may request a hearing in the Superior Court of the county in which he resides if he is a resident of New Jersey or in the Superior Court of the county in which his application was filed if he is a nonresident. The request for a hearing shall be made in writing within 30 days of the denial of the application for a permit or identification card. The applicant shall serve a copy of his request for a hearing upon the chief of police of the municipality in which he resides, if he is a resident of New Jersey, and upon the superintendent in all cases. The hearing shall be held and a record made thereof within 30 days of the receipt of the application for a hearing by the judge of the Superior Court. No formal pleading and no filing fee shall be required as a preliminary to a hearing. Appeals from the results of a hearing shall be in accordance with law.

e. Applications. Applications for permits to purchase a handgun and for firearms purchaser identification cards shall be in the form prescribed by the superintendent and shall set forth the name, residence, place of business, age, date of birth, occupation, sex and physical description, including distinguishing physical characteristics, if any, of the applicant, and shall state whether the applicant is a citizen, whether he is an alcoholic, habitual drunkard, drug-dependent person as defined in section 2 of P.L.1970, c.226 (C.24:21-2), whether he has ever been confined or committed to a mental institution or hospital for treatment or observation of a mental or psychiatric condition on a temporary, interim or permanent basis, giving the name and location of the institution or hospital and the dates of confinement or commitment, whether he has been attended, treated or observed by any doctor or psychiatrist or at any hospital or mental institution on an inpatient or outpatient basis for any mental or psychiatric condition, giving the name and location of the doctor, psychiatrist, hospital or institution and the dates of the occurrence, whether he presently or ever has been a member of any organization which advocates or approves the commission of acts of force and violence to overthrow the Government of the United States or of this State, or which seeks to deny others their rights under the Constitution of either the United States or the State of New Jersey, whether he has ever been convicted of a crime or disorderly persons offense, whether the person is subject to a restraining order issued pursuant to the "Prevention of Domestic Violence Act of 1991", P.L.1991, c.261 (C.2C:25-17 et seq.) prohibiting the person from possessing any firearm, whether the

person is subject to a protective order issued pursuant to the "Extreme

institutional confinement. The application shall be signed by the applicant and shall contain as references the names and addresses of two reputable citizens personally acquainted with him.

Application blanks shall be obtainable from the superintendent, from any other officer authorized to grant a permit or identification card, and from licensed retail dealers.

The chief police officer or the superintendent shall obtain the fingerprints of the applicant and shall have them compared with any and all records of fingerprints in the municipality and county in which the applicant resides and also the records of the State Bureau of Identification and the Federal Bureau of Investigation, provided that an applicant for a handgun purchase permit who possesses a valid firearms purchaser identification card, or who has previously obtained a handgun purchase permit from the same licensing authority for which he was previously fingerprinted, and who provides other reasonably satisfactory proof of his identity, need not be fingerprinted again; however, the chief police officer or the superintendent shall proceed to investigate the application to determine whether or not the applicant has become subject to any of the disabilities set forth in this chapter.

f. Granting of permit or identification card; fee; term; renewal; revocation. The application for the permit to purchase a handgun together with a fee of \$2, or the application for the firearms purchaser identification card together with a fee of \$5, shall be delivered or forwarded to the licensing authority who shall investigate the same and, unless good cause for the denial thereof appears, shall grant the permit or the identification card, or both, if application has been made therefor, within 30 days from the date of receipt of the application for residents of this State and within 45 days for nonresident applicants. A permit to purchase a handgun shall be valid for a period of 90 days from the date of issuance and may be renewed by the issuing authority for good cause for an additional 90 days. A firearms purchaser identification card issued or renewed after the effective date of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill) shall [be valid until such time as] expire during the '[fourth] tenth' calendar year following its date of issuance and on the same calendar day as the person's date of birth.

<sup>1</sup>[A firearms purchaser identification card issued prior to the effective date of P.L., c. (pending before the Legislature as this bill) shall expire during the fourth calendar year following the

A firearms purchaser identification card issued pursuant to this section may be renewed upon filing of a renewal application and payment of the required fee, provided that the holder is not subject to any of the disabilities set forth in subsection c. of this section and complies with all other applicable requirements as set forth in statute and regulation.

<sup>1</sup>[The] A firearms purchaser identification card issued prior to the effective date of P.L., c. (pending before the Legislature as this bill) shall not expire.

A¹ firearms purchaser identification card shall be void if the holder becomes subject to any of the disabilities set forth in subsection c. of this section, whereupon the card shall ¹ [be void and shall ¹¹ be returned within five days by the holder to the superintendent, who shall then advise the licensing authority. Failure of the holder to return the firearms purchaser identification card to the superintendent within the five days shall be an offense under subsection a. of N.J.S.2C:39-10. Any firearms purchaser identification card may be revoked by the Superior Court of the county wherein the card was issued, after hearing upon notice, upon a finding that the holder thereof no longer qualifies for the issuance of the permit. The county prosecutor of any county, the chief police officer of any municipality or any citizen may apply to the court at any time for the revocation of the card.

There shall be no conditions or requirements added to the form or content of the application, or required by the licensing authority for the issuance <u>or renewal</u> of a permit or identification card, other than those that are specifically set forth in this chapter.

- g. Disposition of fees. All fees for permits shall be paid to the State Treasury if the permit is issued by the superintendent, to the municipality if issued by the chief of police, and to the county treasurer if issued by the judge of the Superior Court.
- h. Form of permit; quadruplicate; disposition of copies. The permit shall be in the form prescribed by the superintendent and shall be issued to the applicant in quadruplicate. Prior to the time he receives the handgun from the seller, the applicant shall deliver to the seller the permit in quadruplicate and the seller shall complete all of the information required on the form. Within five days of the date of the sale, the seller shall forward the original copy to the superintendent and the second copy to the chief of police of the municipality having no chief of police, the copy shall be

(1) a federal, State, or local law enforcement officer or agency purchasing handguns for use by officers in the actual performance of their law enforcement duties;

- (2) a collector of handguns as curios or relics as defined in Title 18, United States Code, section 921 (a) (13) who has in his possession a valid Collector of Curios and Relics License issued by the federal Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms and Explosives;
- (3) transfers of handguns among licensed retail dealers, registered wholesale dealers and registered manufacturers;
- (4) transfers of handguns from any person to a licensed retail dealer or a registered wholesale dealer or registered manufacturer;
- (5) any transaction where the person has purchased a handgun from a licensed retail dealer and has returned that handgun to the dealer in exchange for another handgun within 30 days of the original transaction, provided the retail dealer reports the exchange transaction to the superintendent; or
- (6) any transaction where the superintendent issues an exemption from the prohibition in this subsection pursuant to the provisions of section 4 of P.L.2009, c.186 (C.2C:58-3.4).

The provisions of this subsection shall not be construed to afford or authorize any other exemption from the regulatory provisions governing firearms set forth in chapter 39 and chapter 58 of Title 2C of the New Jersey Statutes;

A person shall not be restricted as to the number of rifles or shotguns he may purchase, provided he possesses a valid firearms purchaser identification card and provided further that he signs the certification required in subsection b. of this section for each transaction.

j. Firearms passing to heirs or legatees. Notwithstanding any other provision of this section concerning the transfer, receipt or acquisition of a firearm, a permit to purchase or a firearms purchaser identification card shall not be required for the passing of a firearm upon the death of an owner thereof to his heir or legatee, whether the same be by testamentary bequest or by the laws of intestacy. The person who shall so receive, or acquire the firearm shall, however, be subject to all other provisions of this chapter. If the heir or legatee of the firearm does not qualify to possess or carry it, he may retain ownership of the firearm for the purpose of sale for a period not exceeding 180 days, or for a further limited period as may be approved by the chief law enforcement officer of the municipality in which the heir or legatee resides or the superintendent, provided that the firearm

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commercial aircraft or any boat; provided, however, that no person under the age of 18 years shall purchase nor shall any person sell to a person under the age of 18 years a visual distress signalling device.

m. The provisions of subsections a. and b. of this section and paragraphs (4) and (5) of subsection a. of N.J.S.2C:58-2 shall not apply to the purchase of firearms by a law enforcement agency for use by law enforcement officers in the actual performance of the current or former judge's duties, which purchase may be made directly from a manufacturer or from a licensed dealer located in this State or any other state.

n. For the purposes of this section, "immediate family" means a spouse, domestic partner as defined in section 3 of P.L.2003, c.246 (C.26:8A-3), partner in a civil union couple as defined in section 2 of P.L.2006, c.103 (C.37:1-29), parent, stepparent, grandparent, sibling, stepsibling, child, stepchild, and grandchild, as related by blood or by law.

17 (cf: P.L.2021, c.327, s.6)

2. This act shall take effect immediately.